

Councillor Code of Conduct 2021

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CONTEXT

- Councillors* were elected to the Golden Plains Shire Council at a general election in 2020 for a four-year term.
- The adoption of the Councillor Code of Conduct 2021 (this Code) represents Councillors commitment to the core values and standards of conduct they will adopt in the performance of their role.
- This Code is part of a broader *Councillor* conduct framework established by the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic) (the LGA20) to provide a hierarchy for the management of *Councillor* conduct.
- The *Councillor* conduct framework provides different responses to alleged breaches of this Code and the LGA20, depending on the seriousness of the allegations against a *Councillor*.
- 1.5 Alleged breaches of this Code and the LGA20 are divided into three broad categories:

Misconduct Heard and determined under the

Council's internal arbitration process.

An arbiter is appointed by the Principal Councillor Conduct Registrar from a panel of arbiters established by the Secretary of the Department of Environment, Land,

Water and Planning.

Serious misconduct Heard and determined by an

external Councillor Conduct Panel.
The panel is convened by the
Principal Councillor Conduct
Registrar from a list of eligible
persons appointed by the Minister.

Gross misconduct Heard and determined by the

Victorian Civil and Administrative

Tribunal.

- 1.6 Allegations of *misconduct* made against a *Councillor* for breach of this Code and / or the LGA20 are dealt with under the Golden Plains Shire Councillor Dispute Resolution Policy 2021.
- 1.7 A complaint by a person who is dissatisfied about a policy or decision made by *Council* is dealt with under the Golden Plains Shire Complaints Policy.
- This Code has been developed in accordance with section 139 of the LGA20 and Regulation 12, Schedule 1 of the Local Government (Governance and Integrity) Regulations 2020 (Vic).

*Note: Words in italics are in the 'DEFINITIONS' table in Part 15 of this Code.

Effective Date: 23 February 2021

2. PURPOSE

- 2.1 The purpose of this Code is to set out the values and standards of conduct expected to be observed by a *Councillor* in the performance of their role as *Councillor*, the breach of which may constitute *misconduct*, *serious misconduct*, or *gross misconduct*.
- The purpose of this Code is to ensure Councillors are accountable, transparent, collaborative, efficient, and engaged with the municipal community in the performance of their role.
- Nothing in this Code is intended to limit, restrict or detract from robust public debate in a democracy.

3. VALUES

3.1 A *Councillor* will endeavour to promote the Golden Plains Shire Council values and perform their role with:

Pride: We know that our role is important, and we take pride in doing the best job we can.

- (a) We take accountability for actions and results.
- (b) We recognize and celebrate our achievements.
- (c) We lead with trust and empowerment.
- (d) We approach our role with energy and enthusiasm.

Respect: We treat each other with courtesy and respect, and are committed to keeping our environment safe, and free from judgement.

- (a) We are inclusive and appreciate diversity.
- (b) We show compassion and kindness to one another.
- (c) We bring positive mindset to Council, and contribute to a positive culture.

Integrity: We are committed to being authentic, honest and ethical in our role.

- (a) We do what we say, and honour our commitments.
- (b) We use open and transparent communication.
- (c) We speak up when we see behaviours that compromise our values.

Collaboration: We partner together to achieve shared goals and deliver community focused outcomes.

- (a) We build and maintain positive relationships.
- (b) We work resourcefully and united by shared goals.
- (c) We work as a team to bring out the best in each other.

Excellence: We are committed to delivering the best community experience and outcome that we are capable of providing.

- (a) We conduct our role with professionalism.
- (b) We seek opportunities to innovate and continuously improve.
- (c) We effectively respond to the changing needs of the community.
- The values and the standards of conduct set out in this Code apply to, and should underpin, every power, duty or function performed by a *Councillor* in the performance of their role.

4. TREATMENT OF OTHERS

- 4.1 A Councillor must treat other Councillors, members of Council staff, the municipal community and members of the public with dignity, fairness, objectivity, courtesy and respect.
- 4.2 A Councillor must:
 - 4.2.1 take positive action to eliminate *discrimination*, *sexual harassment* and *victimisation*:
 - 4.2.2 support Council to achieve and promote gender equality.
- 4.3 Under 4.2 a Councillor must take reasonable and proportionate measures to eliminate discrimination, sexual harassment or victimisation as far as possible, having regard to:
 - (a) Council's nature, size, and circumstances
 - (b) Council's resources, business, and operational priorities
 - (c) the practicability and the cost of the measures
- A.4 A Councillor must consider the diversity of interests and needs of the *municipal* community in the performance of their role.
- 4.5 A *Councillor* must treat all persons with respect and have due regard for their opinions, beliefs, rights and responsibilities in the performance of their role.
- 4.6 A *Councillor* must not engage in abusive, obscene or threatening behaviour in their dealings with members of the public, *members of Council staff* and *Councillors* in the performance of their role.

5. PERFORMING THE ROLE OF COUNCILLOR

- A Councillor must do everything reasonably necessary to ensure they perform the duties and functions of a Councillor effectively and responsibly.
- A Councillor must ensure they are fit to conscientiously perform the duties and functions of a Councillor when acting in that capacity, or purporting to act in that capacity.
- A Councillor must undertake any training or professional development activities the Council decides are necessary for all Councillors to undertake in order to effectively perform their duties and functions.
- 5.4 A *Councillor* must diligently use *Council* processes to become informed about matters which are subject to *Council* decisions.
- 5.5 A Councillor must ensure their behaviour does not bring discredit upon Council.
- A Councillor must not deliberately mislead Council or the public about any matter related to the performance of their public duties.

6. ROLE OF COUNCILLOR

- 6.1 A Councillor must represent the interests of the *municipal community* across Golden Plains Shire.
- 6.2 In performing their duties and functions, a Councillor must:
 - 6.2.1 participate in the decision making of *Council*; and
 - 6.2.2 represent the interests of the municipal community in decision making; and
 - 6.2.3 contribute to the strategic direction of *Council* through the development and review of key strategic documents of *Council*, including the Council Plan.
- 6.3 In performing the duties and functions in 6.2, a *Councillor* must:
 - 6.3.1 consider, and be responsive to, the diversity of interests and needs of the *municipal community;* and
 - 6.3.2 support the role of Council; and
 - 6.3.3 acknowledge and support the role of the Mayor; and
 - 6.3.4 act lawfully and in accordance with the oath or affirmation of office; and
 - 6.3.5 act in accordance with the standards of conduct; and
 - 6.3.6 comply with *Council* procedures required for good governance.
- The duties and functions of a Councillor does not include the performance of any responsibilities or functions of the Chief Executive Officer.

- A Councillor must diligently and properly comply with any policy, practice or protocol setting out requirements related to:
 - 6.5.1 Interactions between *members of Council staff* and *Councillors* developed and implemented by the *Chief Executive Officer*.
 - 6.5.2 Council expenses policy adopted and maintained by Council.
 - 6.5.3 Council Governance Rules developed and adopted by Council.
 - 6.5.4 Any direction issued by the Minister requiring *Council* to amend, discontinue, replace or report on its governance processes and policies.

7. GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

- In the performance of their role, a *Councillor* must give effect to the overarching governance principles in 7.2 and supporting principles in 7.3.
- 7.2 A Councillor must give effect to the overarching governance principles, including:
 - 7.2.1 Make decisions and act in accordance with relevant law.
 - 7.2.2 Give priority to achieving the best outcomes for the *municipal community*, including future generations.
 - 7.2.3 Promote the economic, social and environmental sustainability of the municipal district, including mitigation and planning for climate change risk.
 - 7.2.4 Engage the *municipal community* in strategic planning and strategic decision making.
 - 7.2.5 Pursue innovation and continuous improvement.
 - 7.2.6 Seek to collaborate with other *Councils*, Governments and statutory bodies.
 - 7.2.7 Ensure the ongoing financial viability of *Council*.
 - 7.2.8 Take into account regional, state and national plans and policies in strategic planning and decision making.
 - 7.2.9 Ensure the transparency of *Council* decisions, actions and information.
- 7.3 When giving effect to the overarching governance principles, a Councillor must take into account **supporting principles**, including:
 - 7.3.1 **Community engagement principles** require a meaningful and informed community engagement process, including:
 - (a) a clearly defined objective and scope;
 - (b) participant access to objective, relevant and timely information to inform their participation;

- (c) participants that are representative of persons and groups affected by the matter;
- (d) participants are given reasonable support to enable meaningful and informed participation;
- (e) participants are informed in ways in which the engagement process will influence *Council* decision making.
- 7.3.2 **Public transparency principles** describe the ways *Council* information will be made publicly available, including:
 - (a) transparent decision-making processes, except where information is *confidential* or contrary to the public interest;
 - (b) information that is understandable and accessible to the municipal community;
 - (c) public awareness of the availability of information is facilitated.
- 7.3.3 **Strategic planning principles** apply to the preparation of strategic documents, including:
 - (a) an integrated approach to planning, monitoring and performance reporting;
 - (b) addressing the Community Vision;
 - (c) taking into account the resources needed for effective implementation;
 - (d) identifying and addressing the risks to effective implementation;
 - (e) providing for ongoing monitoring of progress and regular reviews to address changing circumstances.
- 7.3.4 **Financial management principles** focus on the ongoing financial viability of *Council*, including:
 - (a) managing revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments and financial transactions in accordance with Council's financial policies and strategic plans;
 - (b) monitoring and prudently managing financial risks having regard to economic circumstances;
 - (c) financial policies and strategic plans that seek to provide stability and predictability in the financial impact on the municipal community;
 - (d) accounts and records that explain the financial operations and financial position of *Council*.

- 7.3.5 **Service performance principles** provide a framework for *Council* to deliver services to the municipal community, including:
 - (a) services being provided in an equitable manner and in a way that is responsive to the diverse needs of the *municipal community*;
 - (b) services that are accessible to those for whom they are intended;
 - (c) quality and costs standards for services set by *Council* that provide 'good' value to the *municipal community*;
 - (d) continuously seeking to improve service delivery in response to performance monitoring;
 - (e) a fair and effective process for considering and responding to complaints about service provision.

8. MISUSE OF POSITION

- 8.1 A Councillor must not intentionally misuse their position to:
 - (a) gain or attempt to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for themselves or for any other person; or
 - (b) to cause, or attempt to cause, detriment to Council or another person.
- 8.2 For the purpose of 8.1, misuse of a position by a *Councillor* includes:
 - 8.2.1 making improper use of information acquired as a result of their position;
 - 8.2.2 disclosing information that is confidential information (as defined in 11.3);
 - exercising or performing, or purporting to exercise or perform, a power, duty or function that the person is not authorised to exercise or perform;
 - 8.2.4 using public funds or resources in a manner that is improper or unauthorised;
 - 8.2.5 directing or improperly influencing, or seeking to direct or improperly influence, a *member of Council staff*;
 - 8.2.6 participating in a decision on a matter in which the person has a *conflict of interest*.

9. DIRECTING A MEMBER OF COUNCIL STAFF

- 9.1 A Councillor must not intentionally direct, or seek to direct, a member of Council staff in the:
 - 9.1.1 exercise of any power or delegated power;
 - 9.1.2 performance of any duty or function, or delegated duty or function;

- 9.1.3 advice, including advice in a report, that a *member of Council staff* provide to the *Council* or a *delegated committee*.
- 9.2 Clause 9.1 applies to all situations where a *Councillor* exercises their power or perform a duty or function of *Council*, as an authorised officer, or member in an office or position they hold under the LGA20 or any other Act.

10. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

- 10.1 A *Councillor* exercising a power, duty or function, or making a decision in relation to any matter must:
 - 10.1.1 disclose a conflict of interest in accordance with *Council's Governance Rules*; and
 - 10.1.2 exclude themselves from the decision-making process in relation to the matter, including any discussion or vote on the matter that arises in:
 - (a) any Council meeting
 - (b) any delegated committee
 - (c) any action in relation to the matter
 - (d) any meeting conducted under the auspices of Council
 - (e) the course of the exercise of a statutory function under the LGA20 or any other Act
- 10.2 Clause 10.1 refers to two types of conflicts of interest:
 - 10.2.1 A **general conflict of interest** arises if an impartial, fair-minded person would consider that the person's *private interests* could result in that person acting in a manner that is contrary to their *public duty*.
 - 10.2.2 A **material conflict of interest** arises in respect of a matter if an *affected* person would gain a *benefit* or suffer a *loss* depending on the outcome of the matter.
- 10.3 A Councillor will not have a conflict of interest if any of the following exemptions apply:
 - 10.3.1 The conflict of interest is so remote or insignificant that it could not be reasonably regarded as capable of influencing the actions or decisions of the *Councillor* in relation to the matter;
 - 10.3.2 The interest that would give rise to a conflict of interest is held in common with a substantial proportion of the residents, ratepayers or electors of the municipal district and does not exceed the interest held by the other residents, ratepayers or electors;
 - 10.3.3 The *Councillor* does not know the circumstances that give rise to the conflict of interest, and could not be reasonably expected to know those circumstances;

- 10.3.4 The interest only arises because the *Councillor* is the representative of *Council* on a not-for-profit organisation that has an interest in the matter and the *Councillor* receives no personal advantage from the not-for-profit organisation;
- 10.3.5 The interest only arises because a *family member* of the *Councillor* is a member but not an office-holder of a not-for-profit organisation;
- 10.3.6 The interest only arises because the *Councillor* is a member of a not-for-profit organisation that has expressed an opinion or advocated for an outcome in regard to the matter;
- 10.3.7 The interest arises in relation to a decision by a *Councillor* on a matter or in a circumstance that is prescribed to be exempt by the regulations.

11. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

- Subject to 11.3, a *Councillor* or a person who has been a *Councillor*, must not intentionally or recklessly disclose information that the person knows, or should reasonably know, is *confidential information*.
- 11.2 If the information disclosed is information that *Council* has determined should be publicly available, then 11.1 does not apply.
- 11.3 A Councillor or a person who has been a *Councillor*, may disclose confidential information where the law requires it, including:
 - (a) for the purposes of legal proceedings arising under LGA20:
 - (b) to a court or tribunal in the course of legal proceedings;
 - (c) a court or tribunal orders the information be provided:
 - (d) in the course of an *internal arbitration* and for the purposes of the *internal arbitration* process;
 - (e) in the course of a *Councillor Conduct Panel Hearing* and for the purposes of the hearing;
 - (f) to a *Municipal Monitor* to the extent reasonably required by the *Municipal Monitor*:
 - (g) to the *Chief Municipal Inspector* to the extent reasonably required by the *Chief Municipal Inspector*,
 - (h) to a Commission of Inquiry to the extent reasonably required by the Commission of Inquiry;
 - (i) to the extent reasonably required by a *law enforcement agency*.

11.4 **Confidential information** means information that is confidential under the LGA20 or by virtue of any other Act, including but not limited to:

(a) Council business information—

If prematurely released would prejudice Council's position in commercial negotiations.

(b) Security information-

If released is likely to endanger the security of Council property or the safety of any person.

(c) Land use planning information—

If prematurely released is likely to encourage speculation in land values.

(d) Law enforcement information—

If released would be reasonably likely to prejudice the investigation into an alleged breach of the law or the fair trial or hearing of any person.

(e) Legal privileged information—

Legal professional privilege or client legal privilege applies.

(f) Personal information-

If released would result in the unreasonable disclosure of information about any person or their personal affairs.

- (g) Private commercial information, being information provided by a business, commercial or financial undertaking—
- relates to trade secrets, or
- if released would unreasonably expose the business, commercial or financial undertaking to disadvantage.
- (h) Confidential meeting information—

Records of meetings that are closed to the public when confidential information is considered by *Council* or a *delegated committee*.

(i) Internal arbitration information—

Information provided to an *arbiter* or produced by an *arbiter* for the purpose of an *internal arbitration* process, other than the findings and the reasons.

- (j) Councillor Conduct Panel confidential information includes—
- Information provided to, or produced by, a *Principal Councillor Conduct Registrar*, for the purposes of an application for a *Councillor Conduct Panel* to be formed;
- Information, other than a decision or reasons for a decision, that is provided to, or produced by, a Councillor Conduct Panel, for the purposes of conducting the Councillor Conduct Panel hearing;
- Any part of a statement of reasons or any other document under the control or possession of the Councillor Conduct Panel that the Councillor Conduct Panel determines contains confidential information.

(k) Chief Municipal Inspector issues a confidentiality notice during an investigation of a public interest complaint—

Information is likely to prejudice:

- an investigation by the Independent Broadbased Anti-corruption Commission or the Victorian Inspectorate;
- the safety or reputation of a person;
- the fair trial of a person who has been, or may be, charged with an offence.

12. BREACHES OF STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

- 12.1 Allegations of *misconduct* or *serious misconduct* against a Councillor may be made by:
 - (a) Council following a resolution of Council
 - (b) A Councillor
 - (c) A group of Councillors
- 12.2 In the case of allegation of *misconduct*, an application is made for *internal arbitration*.
- 12.3 In the case of allegation of *serious misconduct*, an application is made for a *Councillor Conduct Panel* to make a finding against a Councillor.
- An application made against a Councillor under 12.2 and 12.3 will dealt with in accordance with the Councillor Dispute Resolution Policy 2021.
- An application for a *Councillor Conduct Panel* to make a finding of *serious misconduct* against a Councillor may also be made by the Chief Municipal Inspector.
- An application that alleges *gross misconduct* by a Councillor may only be made by the Chief Municipal Inspector and heard by *VCAT*.

13. CIVIL AND CRIMINAL LIABILITY

This Code does not effect, or in any way impact on, the criminal or civil liability of a Councillor, and does not prevent the institution of any criminal or civil proceedings in respect of that liability.

14. OTHER INSTRUMENTS

This Code must be read in conjunction with relevant laws, regulations, Ministerial directions, industry standards, Council policies, procedures, protocols, or practices.

15. DEFINITIONS

Term	Definition Definition	
affected person	Includes:	
	(a) the Councillor	
	(b) a family member of the Councillor	
	(c) a body corporate of which the <i>Councillor</i> or their spouse or domestic partner is a Director or a member of the governing body	
	(d) an employer of the <i>Councillor</i> , unless the employer is a public body	
	(e) a business partner of the Councillor	
	(f) a person for whom the <i>Councillor</i> is a consultant, contractor or agent	
	(g) a beneficiary under a trust or an object of a discretionary trust of which the <i>Councillor</i> is a trustee	
	(h) a person from whom the Councillor has received a disclosable gift	
arbiter	Is an independent person appointed to <i>Council</i> by the <i>Principal Councillor Conduct Registrar</i> to hear an application that alleges <i>misconduct</i> by a <i>Councillor</i> .	
benefit	The benefit may arise directly or indirectly, or be in a pecuniary or non-pecuniary form.	
bullying	Bullying by a <i>Councillor</i> means the <i>Councillor</i> repeatedly behaves unreasonably towards another <i>Councillor</i> or a member of <i>Council state</i> and that behaviour creates a risk to the health and safety of that other <i>Councillor</i> or member of <i>Council staff</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	The person appointed by <i>Council</i> to be its Chief Executive Officer, or any person acting in that position to support the Mayor and <i>Councillors</i> in their roles, and ensure the effective and efficient management of the day to day operations of Council.	
Chief Municipal	Appointed by the Minister to:	
Inspector	(a) examine, investigate and prosecute any possible breach or offence under the LGA20	
	(b) investigate any public interest complaint related to the conduct of a Councillor	
	(c) make an application for a Councillor Conduct Panel to make a finding of serious misconduct against a Councillor	
	(d) make an application to Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal for a finding of <i>gross misconduct</i> by a Councillor	
	(e) investigate and report the Minister, where the Minister has reason to believe that the <i>Councillor</i> is:	
	(i) creating a serious risk to the health and safety of Councillor	

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	or member of Council staff; or	
	(ii) creating a serious risk to the health and safety of other persons in the Councillor's capacity as a Councillor, or	
	(iii) preventing the Council from performing its functions	
Council	Made up of persons democratically elected at a general election or by-election by the <i>municipal community</i> to hold the office <i>Councillor</i> to collectively ensure the peace, order and good government of each municipal district.	
Councillor	A person who is democratically elected to hold the office of member of a <i>Council</i> .	
Council meeting	Is a meeting of Council, at which:	
	(a) all Councillors are entitled to attend and vote	
	(b) no other person is entitled to vote	
	(c) a decision to do an act, matter or thing is made by a resolution of the Council	
Councillor Conduct Officer	The member of Council staff appointed by the Chief Executive Officer to assist Council with the implementation and conduct of Council's internal arbitration process, including:	
	(a) Receiving applications for <i>internal arbitration</i> to determine allegations of <i>misconduct</i> made against a <i>Councillor</i> under the Councillor Dispute Resolution Policy 2021.	
	(b) Assist the Principal Councillor Conduct Registrar in relation to applications for internal arbitration, including responding to any request for information regarding allegations of gross misconduct and serious misconduct against a Councillor.	
Councillor Conduct Panel Hearing	A hearing by a panel selected from a list of eligible persons appointed by the Minister, convened by the <i>Principal Councillor Conduct Registrar</i> , to hear an application that alleges <i>serious misconduct</i> by a <i>Councillor</i> .	
delegated	Is a committee established by Council that:	
committee	(a) must include at least two Councillors	
	(b) may include any other persons appointed to the delegated committee by the Council who are entitled to vote.	
discrimination	Direct discrimination occurs when a person is treated unfavourably because of a personal attribute or characteristic protected by law.	
	Protected attributes include age, breastfeeding, employment activity, gender identity, disability, industrial activity, lawful sexual activity, marital status, parental status or status as a carer, physical features, political belief or activity, pregnancy, race, religious belief or activity, sex, sexual orientation, an expunged homosexual conviction, or personal association (whether as a relative or otherwise) with a	

Term	Definition
	person who is identified by reference to any of the above attributes.
	Indirect discrimination occurs when an unreasonable requirement or condition disadvantages a person, or a group of people, because of a personal attribute or characteristic protected by law.
family member	Includes:
	(a) A spouse or domestic partner of the Councillor, or
	(b) A parent, grandparent, sibling, child, grandchild, step-parent, step- sibling or step-child of the Councillor or of their spouse or domestic partner; or
	(c) Any other relative that regularly resides with the Councillor.
gift	Means any disposition of property otherwise than by Will made by a person to another person without consideration in money or money's worth or with inadequate consideration, including:
	(a) the provision of a service (other than volunteer labour); and
	(b) the payment of an amount in respect of a guarantee; and
	(c) the making of a payment or contribution at a fundraising function.
Governance Rules	Refers to the Golden Plains Shire, Council Governance Rules 2020
gross misconduct	By a Councillor means behaviour that demonstrates that a Councillor:
	(a) is not of good character; or
	(b) is otherwise not a fit and proper person to hold the office of Councillor, including behaviour that is sexual harassment and that is of an egregious nature.
loss	The loss may be incurred directly or indirectly, or be in a pecuniary or non-pecuniary form.
internal arbitration A process that includes a closed hearing conducted by an independent arbiter appointed to Council by the Principal Councillo Conduct Registrar to hear an application that alleges misconduct against a Councillor.	
law enforcement	Includes:
agency	(a) a police force or police service of any State or a Territory
	(b) the Australian Federal Police
	(c) the Australian Crime Commission
	(d) a commission with the function of investigating matters relating to criminal activity generally or of a specified class or classes established by a law of Victoria, any other State or a Territory, or the Commonwealth

Term	Definition Definition		
	(e) Chief Examiner and Examiners appointed under Part 3 of the Majo Crime (Investigative Powers) Act 2004 (Vic)		
	(f) the Independent Broad-based Anti-corruption Commission		
	(g) the Sheriff within the meaning of the Sheriff Act 2009 (Vic)		
	(h) the Victorian Inspectorate established by the Victorian Inspectorate Act 2011 (Vic)		
	(i) an agency responsible for the performance of functions or activities directed to:		
	 the prevention, detection, investigation, prosecution or punishment of criminal offences or breaches of a law imposing a penalty or sanction for a breach 		
	the management of property seized or restrained under laws relating to the confiscation of the proceeds of crime or the enforcement of such laws, or of orders made under such laws		
	(j) an agency responsible for the execution or implementation of an order or decision made by a court or tribunal		
	(k) an agency responsible for the protection of the public revenue under a law administered by it		
member of Council staff	A person appointed by the Chief Executive Officer.		
misconduct	Any breach by a Councillor of the prescribed standards of conduct including those in this Code.		
municipal	Includes:		
community	(a) people who live in the municipal district of the Council;		
	(b) people and bodies who are ratepayers of the Council;		
	(c) traditional owners of land in the municipal district of the Council;		
	(d) people and bodies who conduct activities in the municipal district of the Council.		
Municipal Monitor	Appointed by the Minister to a Council to:		
	(a) monitor and advise Council on governance processes, practices and improvements		
	(b) report to the Minister on any steps or actions taken by the <i>Council</i> to improve its governance and the effectiveness of those steps or actions		
	(c) make recommendations to the Minister in relation to the exercise of any power relating to governance matters of the <i>Council</i>		
	(d) investigate and report the Minister, where the Minister has reason to believe that the <i>Councillor</i> is:		
	(i) creating a serious risk to the health and safety of Councillor or member of Council staff;		

Term	Definition	
	(ii) creating a serious risk to the health and safety of other persons in the Councillor's capacity as a Councillor,	
	(iii) preventing the Council from performing its functions	
	 (e) inform the Independent Broad-based Anti-corruption Commission if they consider a matters appears to involve conduct that is corrupt conduct. 	
Principal Councillor Conduct Registrar	Appointed by the Secretary to administer the processes under the Councillor conduct framework, including but not limited to:	
	(a) examining applications received by Council's Councillor Conduct Officer alleging misconduct against a Councillor and requesting internal arbitration	
	(b) determining whether an <i>arbiter</i> should be appointed to <i>Council</i> to hear and determine allegations of <i>misconduct</i> against a <i>Councillor</i> .	
	(c) convening Councillor Conduct Panels by appointing members of the panel list to sit on Councillor Conduct Panel Hearings	
private interests	Any direct or indirect interest of a <i>Councillor</i> that does not derive from their <i>public duty</i> , but does not include an interest that is only a matter of personal opinion or belief.	
public duty	Means the responsibilities and obligations that a Councillor has to members of the public in their role as a Councillor.	
Secretary	Secretary to the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning.	
serious misconduct	By a Councillor means any of the following:	
	(a) the failure of a Councillor to comply with the Council's internal arbitration process;	
	(b) the failure of a Councillor to comply with a direction given to the Councillor by an arbiter after an internal arbitration process that makes a finding of misconduct;	
	(c) the failure of a Councillor to attend a Councillor Conduct Panel Hearing in respect of that Councillor,	
	(d) the failure of a Councillor to comply with a direction of a Councillor Conduct Panel;	
	(e) continued or repeated <i>misconduct</i> by a <i>Councillor</i> after a finding of <i>misconduct</i> has already been made in respect of the <i>Councillor</i> by an <i>arbiter</i> or by a <i>Councillor Conduct Panel</i> ;	
	(f) bullying by a Councillor of another Councillor or a member of Council staff;	
	(g) conduct by a Councillor that is conduct of the type that is sexual harassment of a Councillor or a member of Council staff;	
	(h) the disclosure by a <i>Councillor</i> of information the <i>Councillor</i> knows, or should reasonably know, is confidential information;	

Term	Definition	
	(i) conduct by a Councillor that contravenes the requirement that a Councillor must not direct, or seek to direct, a member of Council staff;	
	the failure by a <i>Councillor</i> to disclose a conflict of interest and to exclude themselves from the decision making process when required to do so in accordance with the LGA20.	
sexual harassment	Is unwelcomed sexual behaviour that causes a person to feel offended, humiliated or intimidated, where a reasonable person could have anticipated that reaction in the circumstances. Sexual harassment includes:	
	(a) an unwelcome sexual advance	
	(b) an unwelcome request for sexual favours	
	(c) any other unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature	
	Conduct of a sexual nature includes:	
	(a) subjecting a person to any act of physical intimacy	
	(b) making, orally or in writing, any remark or statement with sexual connotations to a person or about a person in his or her presence	
	(c) making any gesture, action or comment of a sexual nature in a person's presence.	
victimisation	Subjecting, or threatening to subject a person to any detriment (treating them inappropriately or unfairly) because they, or a person associated with them, has or intends to make a complaint about discrimination or sexual harassment.	
VCAT	Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal.	

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16.	RELATED LEGISLATION AND DOCUMENTS
16.1	Local Government Act 2020 (Vic); Section 139, 140
16.2	Local Government (Governance and Integrity) Regulations 2020 (Vic); Regulations 12, Schedule 1
16.3	Equal Opportunity Act 2010 (Vic)
16.4	Councillor Dispute Resolution Policy 2021
16.5	Golden Plains Shire Complaints Policy
16.6	Council Governance Rules 2020
16.7	Interaction Between Councillor and Council Staff Protocol (CEO Protocol)
16.8	Council Expenses & Entitlements Policy (July 2020)
16.9	Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Policy (December 2019)
16.10	Computers for Councillor Policy (November 2020)
16.11	Information Privacy Policy 2020
16.12	Public Transparency Policy 2020
16.13	Public Participation in Council Meetings Policy: Question Time, Presentations & Submissions, Petitions & Joint Letters (August 2020)
16.14	Golden Plains Shire, Councillor Resource Manual 2020
16.15	In the Public Interest: A conflict of interest guide for Councillor, delegated committee members and Council staff (October 2020)
16.16	Social Media Manual 2014
17.	HUMAN RIGHTS STATEMENT OF COMPATABILITY
17.1	This Code does not impact negatively on any rights identified in the Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006 (Vic).
17.2	This Code is inoperative to the extent that it is inconsistent with any Act (including the Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006) or regulation.

18. CODE OF CONDUCT OWNERS

- 18.1 The Golden Plains Shire Councillors are the owners of this Code.
- The owners of this Code are responsible to review, edit and maintain this Code and any associated procedures.

19. IMPLEMENTATION

- 19.1 The Mayor is the point of contact for any questions regarding this Code.
- The Mayor is responsible for the implementation of this Code and associated Policies.

20. DOCUMENT INFORMATION

DOCUMENT TYPE:	Councillor Code of Conduct
DOCUMENT STATUS:	Adopted by a formal resolution of the Council passed by at least two-thirds of <i>Councillor</i> at the Council Meeting on 23/2/21.
DOCUMENT OWNERS:	Councillors
ADOPTED BY:	Councillors
DATE ADOPTED:	23 February 2021
VERSION NUMBER:	1.0
REVIEW DATE:	Council may review or amend at any time.

Councillor Code of Conduct 2021 Reference Number: INT21/A786B22

21. **COUNCILLOR DECLARATION**

I declare that I will abide by the Councillor Code of Conduct 2021 adopted by a formal resolution of Council passed by at least two-thirds of Council under 'Part 6 Council Integrity' of the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic).

Signed by Mayor Helena Kirby Date: 23 February 2021

Signed by Deputy Mayor Ian Getsom

Date: 23 February 2021

Signed by C Brett Cunningham

Date: 23/February 2021

Signed by Cr Zavin Gamble

Date: 23 February 2021

Signed by Cr Les Rowe

Date: 23 February 2021

Signed by Cr Owen Sharkey

Date: 23 February 2021

Signed by Cr Clayton Whitfield

Date: 23 February 2021