Submission: Loss of faith in Golden Plains Shire and Amendment C87 best interests

I am opposed to elements of Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme because the Golden Plains Shire has not performed to a standard that instils any faith in its capacity or will to represent the Inverleigh community into the future.

I favour sustainable and safe development in Inverleigh and the establishment of town boundaries and see the benefits of sustainable population growth. The Shire's rationale for amending the planning scheme to align with the definitions of the Victorian Planning Provisions is appropriate, and the areas for rezoning included in Amendment C87 is in response to demand for development. Nonetheless I believe there are deficits in what underpins the content of Amendment C87 to the Golden Planning Scheme.

The Golden Plains Shire does not have a track record in the Inverleigh community of consulting in any meaningful way, of listening, and of putting the interests of the Inverleigh community above that of other projects in the shire.

According to the March 2013 Golden Plains Local Government Inspectorate Report, "Good governance is important for several reasons. It not only gives the local community confidence in its council, but improves the faith that the elected members and officers have in their own local government and its decision making processes. It also leads to better decisions, helps local government meet its legislative responsibilities and importantly provides an ethical basis for governance."¹

I have lost confidence in the internal governance of the Golden Plains Shire and its capacity to implement the objectives and strategies of the Inverleigh Structure Plan and those listed in Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme, specifically 21-07-5, in the best interests of Inverleigh and its future.

My position is based on the following information in regards to 1) the quality of the Inverleigh Structure Plan, 2) the Golden Plains Shire's track record in Inverleigh of poor planning and stewardship, 3) concerns for the staging of development to meet the stated moderate growth goal of about 27 homes per year, 4) Local Government Inspectorate Report March 2019, 5) lack of transparency of agency/developer contributions, 6) failure to rezone as part of Amendment C87 the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve, 7) the inadequacy of community notification of the alignment of the proposed new clause for Inverleigh Local Planning Policy Framework, 8) poor performance in the 2019 State-wide local government survey and 9) protection of Aboriginal cultural sites.

1. Process for seeking community feedback on Amendment C87 and the labelling of the process as the Inverleigh Structure Plan

- The submission form is titled Amendment C87gpla Inverleigh Structure Plan, which has added an
 unnecessary level of confusion to community members who were of the belief the structure plan was
 being amended or was still in draft, which was and is not the case.
- The Inverleigh Structure Plan 2018/2019 (date varies throughout the Golden Plains Shire documents) is approved. Amendment C87 is noted to support the Structure Plan and the Planning Policy Framework.
- The Explanatory notes state compliance with the Clause(s) but there is a lack of definition and detail of how Amendment C87 actually complies, rather an overuse of expansive and passive action statements such as, "There is no public transport to Inverleigh², however Amendment C87 seeks to promote a housing market that meets the needs of the community" and "Amendment C87 is consistent with the broad principles of biodiversity protection and retention of existing native vegetation".
- Amendment C87 Inverleigh specific changes in Clause 21, reduces the objectives from 6 to 5, and the strategies from 38 to 14. The rationalizing of the planning document may be in line with Victorian Government advice; however it does not appear to align with the Structure Plan. The Structure Plan has 19 principles (pages 49 57), 33 objectives and 49 strategies. The reduction of the objectives and the strategies by over 50% effectively removes protections for the community in the operationalizing of the Structure Plan. The clear intent of Amendment C87 is rezoning for development and reducing the minimum lot size.

¹ Local Government Inspectorate Report March 2013, page 7.

² Of note, there is a Friday return bus from Inverleigh to Geelong of very short duration.

- The Amendment C75 Panel accepted the argument against the deferral of Amendment C75 because the amendment conformed with the then existing structure plan (2005)³.
- The conformity of Amendment C87 with the Inverleigh Structure Plan 2018/2019 is untested.
- Amendment C87 also removes any reference to policy guidelines, application of zones and overlays or implementation and further strategic work. It is not clear where this information will appear in planning documents available to residents of Inverleigh once development overlays are removed.
- I have concerns arsing from the complete removal of strategies related to The Inverleigh Fauna and Flora Reserve. The area is managed by Parks Victoria, however the decisions and impacts of Amendment C87 approval will affect this area and vice versa.
- It is also unclear why the Golden Plains Shire in its stated goal of reassuring the Inverleigh Community
 of its future, that it has chosen to not address the rezoning of the northern area of the Inverleigh
 Fauna and Flora Reserve from farming zone to align it with the rest of the Reserve which is zoned as
 public conservation and resource zone.
- The Structure Plan lists the Inverleigh Community Plan as a key reference point in strategic plans and representation of the community's priorities, however it is a 2013 document, is therefore 6 years old and was, according to the document itself, to be updated every two years (page 6). There is no evidence there has been an evaluation of priorities met or of their ongoing relevance.
- The map included in the Structure Plan is incorrect and Inverleigh local residents have already met with Golden Plains Shire strategic planning staff, in an attempt to point out the factual errors and request corrections. It is a reasonable expectation that the approval of Amendment C87, in the context of the explanatory notes stating a new Inverleigh Structure Plan will not occur for another 15 years and will likely only be triggered by a lack of available land for further development, be based on a factual accurate Structure Plan.⁴
- The inadequacy of the community notification of the alignment of the proposed new clause for the Inverleigh Local Planning Policy Framework. It is noted on the Golden Plains Shire website at the bottom of Amendment C87 Explanatory notes that, "The Local Planning Policy Framework (LPPF) is currently under review and there is potential that the changes from the LPPF review will coincide with changes resulting from Amendment C87 gpla. A draft of the proposed new clause for Inverleigh under the LPPF review is provided below."⁵ Reference to policy guidelines, application of zones and overlays and further strategic work is not included as is clarity about community feedback.

2. A track record of poor planning and stewardship

- Inverleigh Streetscape was an urban/suburban design completed by MESH, the same company who completed the development feasibility study⁶ referred to in the Inverleigh Structure Plan. The streetscape plan was set aside following a coordinated community pushback and forced consultation and is yet to be removed from the Structure Plan⁷.
- The streetscape plan was not developed in consultation with the Inverleigh community and included
 design changes that lacked any common sense or reflected the activities that make up Inverleigh.
 Examples include farming equipment being unable to move along the Hamilton Highway; the wind
 turbine transport from Corio Quay not being able to park or move safely along the Hamilton Highway,
 and reduction of the truck, transport and tourist van parking.
- Most importantly, this streetscape plan was not funded, was best described as aspirational and the
 plan development cost upwards of \$70,000. Money that could have been directed to fixing drains and
 roads and general maintenance which has not been maintained to standards for years⁸, refer
 transcript of community meeting.

³ Golden Plains Planning Scheme Amendment C75 Panel Report 28 March 2018, page 13.

⁴ www.goldenplains.vic.gov.au/sites/default/files/C87gpla%20Explanatory%20Report.pdf

⁵ www.goldenplains.vic.gov.au/sites/default/files/C87gpla%20Explanatory%20Report.pdf

Strategic planning page - <u>www.goldenplains.vic.gov.au/residents/my-home/planning/strategic-planning</u>, downloaded 30 September 2019

⁶ Inverleigh Structure Plan - Development Feasibility Study Package - Attachment K.

⁷ Strategic planning page - <u>www.goldenplains.vic.gov.au/residents/my-home/planning/strategic-planning</u>, downloaded 30 September 2019

⁸ Golden Plains Shire confirmed minutes 23 July 2019.

Very recently the Golden Plains Shire has requested community input into the Inverleigh Works Plan
via a survey on social media and its website giving the community opportunity to identify 1) potholes
of concern, 2) select between recycled plastic bollards, seats or treated wood and 3) if we want a bike
rack. It goes on to say:

To deliver significant improvement to drainage in the Inverleigh Streetscape would require structural infrastructure such as kerb and challenging [sic]. During the community consultation in March, survey respondents clearly started [sic] they did not want major infrastructure changes in downtown Inverleigh. Within the current annual road and drainage maintenance program budget, Council will complete a routine clean out of the drains in downtown Inverleigh in 2019.

- I believe that this is not an accurate reflection of the community consultation regarding drainage, which included fixing the worst areas of the drains. A clean out of the drains as part of the maintenance program should have long been a routine maintenance scheduled task which was completed, and it has not been. I admit however it is an actual promise of action when compared to the streetscape plan, which was unfunded, aspirational and inappropriate.
- The open drains and repeated flooding on parts of Common Road since earlier greenfield development⁹ could have been reduced if compliance with the *Infrastructure Design Manual*, which the Golden Plains Shire signed up to in 2013, was required as part of the development plan, associated schedules and enforced prior to compliance certification.
- The corrective action undertaken by Golden Plains Shire to fix the open drains and flooding on parts
 of Common Road does not comply with the *Infrastructure Design Manual*, results in pooling for longer
 than recommended, was inadequately completed¹⁰, and not risk assessed¹¹ because there was not
 enough money. The current community response and concerns over safety would have been avoided.
- The Golden Plains Shire includes the Infrastructure Design Manual as a reference document. According to the Golden Plains Shire, "Reference documents provide background information to assist in understanding the context within which a particular policy or provision has been framed. Reference documents have only a limited role in decision making as they are not part of the planning scheme. They do not have the same status of incorporated documents or carry the same weight."¹² This allows the Golden Plains Shire to not meet the requirements of the Infrastructure Design Manual.
- The Schedule 16 to Clause 43.04 Development Plan Overlay for Hopes Plains Road is the only Schedule to date that has included the requirement for compliance with the *Infrastructure Design Manual*, which may suggest some improvement in expectation from the strategic planning staff and commitment by the Golden Plains Shire.
- Inadequate planning and costing of infrastructure requirements associated with new subdivisions, and specification of developer contributions resulted in \$300,000 being diverted (following Ministerial approval with Council deeming there was no higher priority applicable under the Country Roads and Bridges program) from the allocated funding share under the Country Roads and Bridges program to pay for the shortfall for the roundabout in Bannockburn, which was noted by VicRoads to be directly attributable to the Golden Plains Shires lack of planning, "56. (i) VicRoads have also stated that the current traffic volumes at the intersections are primarily due to the extensive residential developments in Bannockburn, for which Council should have planned better in terms of developer contributions to fund expected infrastructure."¹³
- The lack of maintenance and improvements to roads in Inverleigh and district is reflected in it 2018 Customer Satisfaction Survey results of unsealed roads, sealed local roads, community decisions, consultation and engagement and lobbying identified as the areas for focus and improvement¹⁴.
- The Structure Plan is in the main unfunded and Golden Plains Shire has not provided detail or strategic planning in how it will secure or work with the community to secure the funding.
- The Inverleigh Community Plan 2013, listed short term priorities for the community which included a
 focus on roads, parking, drainage, walking tracks etc. Some have been achieved, however some of the

⁹ Golden Plains Planning Scheme Amendment C74 Panel Report sections 4.3 and 4.4.

¹⁰ Infrastructure Design Manual sections 12.9.2, 20.3.3, 20.3.4, 20.3.5.

¹¹ Golden Plains Shire minutes 23 July 2019.

¹² Golden Plains Shire website downloaded 4 October 2018.

¹³ Golden Plains Shire minutes 28 January 2014.

¹⁴ J006-43 Customer Satisfaction Survey 2018 – Golden Plains Shire, page 14.

basic priorities such as the school crossing improvements; drainage works to fix clogging and outflow from the primary school have not. School children still on wet days have to walk around flooded paths at the school crossing.

 My confidence in adherence to the spirit of reasoning in approving Amendment C74 by the Panel is low. According to the Panel report, the objections were rejected in relation to bushfire and gave the following rationale:

However, under Clause 32.03-3 (Subdivision), the minimum lot size defaults to the Schedule to the zone, which for Inverleigh refers to the ISP, which designates lots sizes of 1 to 2 hectares¹⁵.

The policy requires buffer zones around future subdivisions close to the Inverleigh Nature Conservation Reserve and Inverleigh Golf Course and vegetation management with a minimum lot size of 2 hectares for lots adjacent to these areas¹⁶.

The Amendment is supported by strategic directions in the Golden Plains Planning Scheme for the site to be rezoned and developed for low density residential development. The current minimum lots sizes under the Low Density Residential Zone (LDRZ) of 1 to 2 hectares (2.5 to 5 acres) allows the site to be developed in a manner that reflects the character and amenity of Inverleigh. The application of the Development Plan Overlay Schedule 16 (DPO16) will guide how the site can be developed in a manner responsive to bushfire risk and stormwater management¹⁷.

• The Panel noted:

The Amendment (C74) does not propose to alter the Schedule to the LDRZ hence low density residential subdivision, under the Amendment, is limited to 1 to 2 hectares. These limits reduce the extent of population growth that might be exposed to bushfire risk. They also allow space on lots and between dwellings in subdivision design to manage vegetation and put in place appropriate bushfire protection measures.¹⁸

- According to the Golden Plains Shire¹⁹ the Amendment C74/Schedule 16 development plan is yet to be received.
- It is unclear if the minimum lot size reduction to 0.4 hectares will enable the building of lots in this subdivision that are outside of the Panel's recorded 1 2 hectare lot sizes that afforded a protection that would reduce the extent of population growth that might be exposed to bushfire risk etc.
- It is also a fact that the lot size of 1 2 hectares is not clearly articulated in Schedule 16 to Clause 43.04 of the Golden Plains Shire Planning Scheme.
- It is not unreasonable for me to believe that a delay in submitting the development plan may include some intent to take advantage of the Amendment C87, 0.4-hectare minimum lot size, which would undermine the Panel's rationale for deciding bushfire safety would be ensured by lot sizes of 1-2 hectares. I do not know that this is the case, but if it is it suggests an abject disregard for the safety of the Inverleigh community.
- 3. Staging of development
 - A staging plan is required as part of a development plan prior to obtaining a permit however there is no clear staging plan for Inverleigh over the life of the structure plan which would support the Golden Plains Shire's position that decisions will not be made in isolation without regard to the big picture²⁰. The Inverleigh Structure Plan identifies the goal for growth over a 15-year period (which aligns with Victorian Planning Provisions 11.02-1S) and a forecast of dwellings over 20 years at about 27 new houses per year.²¹

¹⁵ Golden Plains Planning Scheme Amendment C74 Panel Report, page 11.

¹⁶ Golden Plains Planning Scheme Amendment C74 Panel Report, page 18.

 $^{^{\}rm 17}$ Golden Plains Planning Scheme Amendment C74 Panel Report, page 1 and 10.

¹⁸ Golden Plains Planning Scheme Amendment C74 Panel Report, page 22.

¹⁹ Email from Senior Strategic Planner Golden Plains Shire in confirming the EPA Contamination Report was part of the Schedule 16 which was yet to be received, dated 26 September 2019.

²⁰ Inverleigh Structure Plan 2018/?2019 – page 5.

²¹ Inverleigh Structure Plan, page 38, "Planning is required to ensure there is sufficient land available to meet forecast demand and to plan to accommodate projected population growth over at least a 15-year period providing clear direction on locations where growth should occur."

- The requirement for residential land is across the whole of the Golden Plains Shire and Inverleigh is
 assigned 525 lots proposed through Potential Growth Areas 1, 2 and 3 with unknown additional
 numbers through Potential Growth Areas 4, 5 and 6. The subdivision at 385 Common Road was
 rezoned in Amendment C75 from farming to low density residential and expression of interest is
 already underway. Hopes Plains Road was rezoned from farming to low density residential in
 Amendment C74 and the development plan and Schedule 16 requirements are yet to be submitted.²²
- This situation will provide the opportunity for agency/developer(s) to be building across both new subdivisions and releasing land at rates greater than the stated moderate goal of (about) 27 new homes per year.
- I do not have confidence that the Golden Plains Shire has the ability, will (it needs to raise revenue) or capacity to resist developer(s)/agency's pressure and through approval permits, limit the predicted growth to the stated moderate population growth of about 27 new homes annually for the life of Amendment C87 and Structure Plan. Based on the low level of general accessibility of development plans (public display is not required in Victoria, however they are normally available onsite and in business hours at the Shire Offices upon request), 173 agreements and reporting of compliance at certification by the Golden Plains Shire, the ability of the Golden Plains Shire to achieve the C87 Amendment Infrastructure and Service Strategies 5.1 and 5.2 is low.²³
- The Structure Plan lists non-monetary infrastructure upgrades required for the continued growth of
 Inverleigh in Developer Contributions (5.11). There is no transparency of, or a plan based on a
 formula or evidence-based definitive costing model that gives any indication that the Golden Plains
 Shire has a timeline for achieving these or that the need for them is linked to the number of dwellings
 built each year. For example, the upgrade to the Common Road/Hamilton Highway intersection is a
 priority in the Inverleigh Community Plan 2013, the 2005 Inverleigh Structure Plan and is noted in the
 current Structure Plan as a developer responsibility for Potential Growth Areas 1 & 2 (page 60) and 3
 (page 61).
- The Structure Plan includes, "Transport for Victoria advised that in regard to roads, the intersection of the Hamilton Highway and Common Road requires an upgrade. Further development of land along Common Road must include an upgrade to this intersection to cater for its increasing catchment" (page 30).
- I am not entitled to know as a member of the community when this is to occur, or if it is on a "project" or operational plan for this to occur. The Structure Plan states, "Before Council will consider any rezoning of land between Hopes Plains Road and Common Road, an agreement must be made determining the funding arrangements by landowner(s)/developer(s) for the construction and sealing of Hopes Plains Road (page 60)" yet amendment C75 rezoned 385 Common Road and Schedule 15 to Clause 43.04 Development Plan Overlay only includes "A traffic assessment that addresses the traffic that will be generated from the development of the land, how this will impact the local street network and what, if any, mitigation measures are required." The traffic assessment suggested a 7.5.2 Urban Channelised T-junction – Short Lane Type CHR(S)²⁴ and does not go so far as to comment on impacts on local street networks.
- I am expected to trust the Golden Plains Shire will abide to needs and ensure the upgrade is achieved however whether this is to occur after one year, coincide with initial development or by certification (which given the one subdivision is noted to be in 3 stages with 5 future stages and about 137 dwellings, approximately 51 dwellings in initial stages) could be years in achieving the upgrade.²⁵
- Schedule 16 Clause 43.04 Development Plan Overlay, for Amendment C74 Potential Growth Area 2, does include the requirement for, "The construction of upgrade treatments at the intersection of Hopes Plains Road and the Hamilton Highway prior to the issue of Statement of Compliance for the first stage of subdivision. The payment of a \$95,000 contribution for the maintenance of Hopes Plains Road prior to the issue of Statement of Compliance for the first stage of subdivision. This is clearly a much-improved operationalizing of the objectives and strategies of the Structure Plan however it is unclear how the sum of \$95,000 was reached. Was this a sum arrived at based on thorough costings,

²² Golden Plains Planning Scheme Amendment C75 Panel Report 28 March 2018.

²³ Golden Plains Planning Scheme 21.07-5, page 18 Amendment C87 proposed changes.

 $^{^{\}rm 24}$ VicRoads Supplement to Austroads Guide to Road Design – Part 4 Rev. 2.2

Golden Plains Shire Confirmed Minutes attachment: Item 7.7 – AH.2 25 June 2019.

²⁵ Golden Plains Shire Confirmed Minutes attachment: Item 7.7 – AH.2 25 June 2019.

will it provide maintenance of the road for one year, two years, the life of the subdivision or the life of the Structure plan? If not, will cost move to the residents or simply, as is the experience to date, be left in a poor state or diverted elsewhere²⁶.

A similar lack of transparency of thinking and of consultation with the community and other agencies is the predictable impact of Amendment C87 on the kindergarten and primary school. The Structure Plan solution to the lack of onsite expansion land is to spilt the school campus because it appears to be the most convenient solution. It is an unsound, unsafe and unimaginative option. For example, requiring a developer to build tennis courts at the Inverleigh Reserve and free up the land next to the school which the community and school could support and work toward establishing expansion with the responsible agencies, would achieve two of the strategies of the structure plan and the Amendment C87, being consolidation of development within the town centre, including community and social facilities and resolve the school's constraints in terms of enabling growth (page 43 of Structure Plan).

4. Inspectorate Report

- The Local Government Golden Plains Shire Inspectorate Report March 2019 Identified 1) the CEO had not had a performance review since 2017, 2) that there was no objective auditing of individual staff use of procurement cards, 3) identified Councillors had not met their legislative requirements for interest returns, 4) the stated governance oversight of councillor expenses and reimbursements by the CEO was not supported by objective auditing, 5) that community grant assessments were being completed but by whom was not known, 6) there was non-compliance with the Public Records Act/document keeping including digital and non-digital, and 7) compliance with the council procurement policy and Section 186 of the Act including no list of contracts, and tender panel members not being those who completed the assessments, lack of signed confidentiality and conflict of interest declarations, or appropriate delegate sign off.
- Regards procurement practices, the report is particularly clear about the Golden Plains Shire's suboptimal practices including a request made to council some four months prior to the report date for the provision of a list of lump sum contracts awarded by council in excess of \$25,000 for the previous two-year period that could not be provided by the Golden Plains Shire. The August 2018 Response has completed most of the recommendations to date²⁷, which should translate into improved governance of its internal processes and accountabilities.
- Nonetheless, as recently as 24 September 2019, the unconfirmed minutes record the instrument of delegation (embedded in the procurement policy dated 24 September 2019) was changed to allow the CEO's financial limitation under the delegation be doubled from \$200,000 to \$400,000 for awarding a single item/contract. The motion was a 3:3 councillor vote, with the Mayor casting his vote in favour of the motion and then exercised his casting vote to carry the motion.²⁸
- The support for this decision was in part attributed to the improved and recent internal procurement
 processes and policy development (also dated 24 September 2019) following the inspectorate report
 recommendations which have not been in operation for any length of time and have not been
 evaluated as effective.

5. Developer contribution oversight and transparency

The Golden Plains Shire's policy for guiding the collection of development contributions does not
have any formal Infrastructure Contributions Plans (ICP's) or Development Contributions Plans
(DCP's)²⁹, rather working within a 173 Agreement. My concern is not the use of the 173 Agreement to
secure infrastructure and development contributions outside of a schedule but as this agreement is

²⁶ Golden Plains Shire Confirmed Minutes 23 July 2019.

²⁷ Golden Plains Shire Response to the Inspectorate Report:

www.goldenplains.vic.gov.au/sites/default/files/Council%20Response%20-%20Progress%20Report%20-%20August%202019.pdf

²⁸ Golden Plains Shire unconfirmed minutes for 24 September 2019 downloaded on 30 September 2019.
²⁹ Golden Plains Shire Annual Report page 104.

 $www.golden plains.vic.gov.au/sites/default/files/GPSC\%20Annual\%20Report\%202018_19.pdf$

subject to seal, it is not a transparent process. Councils that use a Development Contribution Plan report to the Minister and this is tabled in Parliament³⁰.

- Reporting on the content and compliance with 173 Agreements at certification is not available unless under a Freedom of Information application.
- The reasonableness of the level of influence of landowner(s)/agencies on the decision-making of the Golden Plains Shire is unclear.
- The Golden Plains Shire Policy Manual Development Contributions (10.4) states all funds are deposited into an account and maintained as part of discretionary component of Retained Earnings.
- According to the policy, the last review was in May 2016 (as opposed to an amendment) in response
 to the State Government's desire to reduce complexity, increase transparency and standardize levies
 across a range of development settings³¹. The minutes include, "This policy will provide an interim
 measure until the development of an Infrastructure Contributions Plan for Council is formalised."
 There is nothing to suggest this has been completed or a formal decision made not to complete it.
- The lot costings are unchanged since 2016. Given the cost of land in Inverleigh has increased markedly since that time, and it is reasonable to estimate that 0.4 hectare lots could result from the Amendment C87 rezoning, and that there would be more lots resulting in increased profit for the owner(s)/agency³². It is also reasonable that the Golden Plains Shire Policy Manual Development Contributions cost per lot be reviewed regularly to reflect this increase in predicted profits.
- Reporting of development contributions is via the Auditor General audit for the annual report and reports culminative figures only. It therefore remains that the Inverleigh community is unlikely to know what has been asked for, when and whether at the certification point the agreement was complied with or if any monetary contributions were actually spent to directly benefit the Inverleigh community or directed elsewhere.
- The Golden Plains Shire has the power and option to improve the communication of information about agency/developer(s) contributions types and outcomes.

6. Failure to rezone as part of Amendment C87, the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve

- In meeting the needs for residential land and development, the Golden Plains Shire has amended land from farming to low density residential, has removed objectives and strategies (other than fire related) for any consideration of the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve which is a significant part of the lives of the residents of Inverleigh and many visitors.
- The Golden Plains Shire claims it is in the interest of the Inverleigh Community to be assured of its future, that the areas of growth and the logical sequence will all be clear through rezoning and establishment of a town boundary.
- There is an apparent lack of will by the Golden Plains Shire to rezone the northern part of the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve from farming to public conservation and resource zone in line with the southern part of the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve.
- Rezoning this land as part of Amendment C87 would be appropriate and go some way to instilling some confidence that the Golden Plains Shire has listened and realised priorities for the community of Inverleigh.
- The public conservation and resource zone (Clause 36.03 Planning Practice note 42 Applying the Rural Zones - Planning Schemes) includes, "This zone provides for places where the primary intention is to conserve and protect the natural environment or resources. It also allows associated educational activities and resource-based uses." The Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve has registered critically endangered flora.

7. Poor performance in the 2018 local government Customer Satisfaction survey

My concerns about the capacity of the Golden Plains Shire to support and represent the community
of Inverleigh equitably and appropriately, is supported by the Customer Satisfaction Survey 2018

³⁰ www.planning.vic.gov.au/policy-and-strategy/development-contributions

³¹ Golden Plains Shire Minutes 24 May 2016 downloaded 4 October 2019.

³² www.ahuri.edu.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0018/2097/AHURI_Final_Report_No140_Counting-the-costs-planning-requirements,-infrastructure-contributions,-and-residential-development-in-Australia.pdf

Golden Plains Shire which concluded, "Golden Plains Shire Council's performance on most measures is in line with average ratings for Large Rural Group. However, in the areas of overall performance, Council performs significantly lower than the group average" and "Golden Plains Shire Council's performance is significantly lower than State-wide averages for councils across all core measures."³³

8. Protection of Aboriginal cultural sites

- The Golden Plains Shire states it works with Aboriginal Affairs Victoria and local co-operatives to identify Aboriginal cultural heritage sites and determine areas of high or low archaeological sensitivity.³⁴ The Golden Plains Shire supported a Heritage review which was "settlement" specific and has a comprehensive list of registered sites and the Structure Plan and Amendments reflect the intent to protect and maintain it with a Heritage Plan and register³⁵.
- Regards Aboriginal Cultural Heritage, the Golden Plains Shire does not have a comparative shire or
 even district wide approach. The Golden Plains Shire Amendment C87 places the requirement for the
 safe keeping and identification of these sites with each landowner/developing agency (which risks
 inconsistency in approach and a narrow focus), by way of an overlay on each piece of land.
 Landowners (often along with lifestyle changes) and developer(s) are unequivocally focused on
 making a profit and there is no evidence the best interest of the traditional custodians and the
 safekeeping of these sites has been met through overlay requirements.
- There are approximately 20 Aboriginal sites recorded previously in the Inverleigh area and are
 registered with Aboriginal Affairs Victoria (AAV) however the details and information are not readily
 available nor has there been a mapping of potential additional sites.
- Inverleigh is subject to an extensive Aboriginal cultural significance overlay.
- As part of the 2005 review of the Inverleigh Structure Plan it was recommended that 1) a survey and
 report regarding important Aboriginal cultural heritage sites should be undertaken, 2) for planning
 purposes, an archaeologist should be engaged to undertake a desktop assessment, 3) that known
 sites would be presented on a map and the information used to highlight zones of high or low
 archaeological sensitivity, 4) that subsequent archaeological investigation would be field survey of
 areas proposed for development and include consultation of the Wathaurong Aboriginal Cooperative,
 5) that appropriate measures should be undertaken to ensure new development does not adversely
 impact on such sites and 6) a cultural heritage assessment could be a requirement of a Development
 Plan Overlay on any sites proposed to be rezoned and developed (this appears to have been actioned
 by the Golden Plains Shire).
- The C75 amendment rezoned 385 Common Road, which is part of Potential Growth Area 3 and includes four of the registered Aboriginal sites and is believed to be the site of a conflict in which Aboriginal Peoples died³⁶.
- The Flora and Fauna Reserve and Potential Growth Area 6 also have registered sites.
- Planning Practice Note 37, Rural Residential Development specifies any proposal must include an
 adequate assessment of the locality's landscape and heritage values and the potential for impacts, or
 that landscapes or places classified by the National Trust of Australia or included in the Victorian
 Heritage Register or registers maintained by the Office of Aboriginal Affairs Victoria or the Australian
 Heritage Council must not be proposed for rural residential development without consultation with
 those organisations³⁷. There is no evidence this takes place prior to a proposal or amendment,
 including those approved through Panel review C74, C75 and the current Amendment C87.
- The development overlay only requires an owner/agent to complete a review of greenfield to a
 specific subdivision and not that bordering on or impacted by the development/subdivision. For
 example, there is no evidence the proposed positioning of the biolink for 385 Common Road or the
 planned river front walkways etc was informed by an understanding of the cultural significance of the
 Inverleigh area, or the areas bordering on the developments and any registered sites.

³³www.goldenplains.vic.gov.au/sites/default/files/J00643%20CSS%202018%20Golden%20Plains%20Shire%20C ouncil%20Report.pdf

³⁴ Golden Plains Planning Scheme 21.07-5; 21/12/2017 C76.

³⁵ www.goldenplains.vic.gov.au/residents/my-home/planning/heritage-planning

³⁶ Lonsdale, Joan *Gateway to the West*, Inverleigh progress Association, 1978, page 5.

³⁷ www.planning.vic.gov.au/resource-library/planning-practice-notes

• The Planning Practice Note 45 states:

A request to rezone land does not trigger a requirement to prepare a CHMP. A preliminary cultural assessment is strongly recommended at this stage to identify any relevant constraints and opportunities that may assist in rezoning of land.³⁸

- There is no evidence any preliminary cultural assessment of all the Amendment C87 rezoning areas or of Inverleigh has been completed by the Golden Plains Shire.
- The C75 amendment rezoned 385 Common Road and the development plan was subject to and informed by a list of plans that did not include cultural significance plans or knowledge.

I believe strategies for increasing the confidence in the Golden Plains Shire to advocate for and meet the needs of the Inverleigh community by the rezoning in Amendment C87, but also in previous Amendments C74 and C75, should be considered as part of the approval and that these strategies include:

- The Golden Plains Shire correct the factual errors of the Structure Plan.
- The Golden Plains Shire rezone as part of Amendment C87, the section of the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve bounded by Inverleigh/Teesdale Road, Woolbrook Track and Bakers Lane, from farming to public conservation and resource zone.
- The Golden Plains Shire take responsibility for the oversight of and development of a proactive and Inverleigh district-wide approach to the safe keeping of areas of Aboriginal cultural significance that complies with Planning Practice Notes 37 and 45, and reflects the significant extent of cultural overlays in the Amendment C87 rezoned and Potential Growth areas.
- The Golden Plains Shire Policy Manual Development Contributions (10.4) be reviewed to adjust the cost per lot contribution and/or "in kind" negotiations, to reflect the estimated increased profit for owners/agency(s) from the Amendment C87 minimum lot size of 0.4 hectares rezoning.
- The Golden Plains Shire requires as part of greenfield subdivision and issuing of planning permits to communicate to the Inverleigh community:
 - Agreed upon timeframes associated with the subdivision developer contributor infrastructure outcomes and "in kind" agreements.
 - Report on an annual basis, developer(s) contributions obtained as part of a greenfield subdivision development in Inverleigh as a result of the rezoning associated with the Structure Plan for the life of the Structure Plan, and was it spent for the purpose for which it was obtained and to the benefit of the Inverleigh community.
 - Provide a public report at Certification and Statement of Compliance stages for each greenfield subdivision that identifies any changes to the planning permit, any failures to comply with the approved development/subdivision plan, post-market issues and any lessons to be learned to inform the next and following stages of the staged development of the rezoned land in Amendment C87 for the life of the Structure Plan or about 15 years.
 - Report annually the alignment of subdivisions to the logical, orderly sequence of growth and adherence to the goal of a moderate growth rate.

³⁸ A subdivision includes high impact activities as defined by the Aboriginal Heritage Regulations. Planning Practice Note 45 page 2.

Submission – Retain Town Boundary

I confirm I support Strategy 1.1 of Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme.

I think it is imperative the existing township boundary of Inverleigh is maintained to retain and preserve our small country town lifestyle and our small, but highly valued, community, as well as protect the natural landscape and environment features unique to our town, as we know it.

Structure Plan Submission – Educational Facilities Impact

I am opposed to elements of Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme as it does not demonstrate sustainable development by providing adequate infrastructure and services, specifically in relation to the educational facilities in Inverleigh.

The number of children living in Inverleigh, and therefore the number of children wishing to attend Inverleigh Primary School, will increase by a minimum of 30% but easily up to 60% over the duration of the Structure Plan, yet there are no definitive commitments made to accommodate this growth; nor the demand new families will place on the Kindergarten.

The 2018 Inverleigh Primary School Annual Report states "There are 10 classrooms, accommodating our current school enrolment of 212 students. Most classrooms are grouped in composite grade level communities, with collaboration spaces, and connecting decks. The average class size in Grades 3 to 6 is 23 students. In Grades 1 & 2 the average class size is 21 students. The Prep students are housed in the Mod 5 building with two classes of 15 students. An additional classroom was added this year to accommodate the growing student population and to reduce class sizes across the school, as this had been identified as a priority. Smaller class sizes allow classroom teachers to differentiate effectively to meet the needs of all students."

Data provided by the Victorian Department of Education and Training for 2018 shows the average All Primary Class size is 22.2 students; the average for Prep is 19.4 students; the average for Years 1 & 2 is 21.2 students and the average for Years 3 to 6 is 23.4 students (Attachment 1).

Pleasingly, Inverleigh Primary School currently has slightly smaller than average class sizes, which the School has specifically identified as important, however I am concerned that this will change for the worse, if the Structure Plan is implemented.

Whilst the Structure Plan outlines that at least 430 houses are required in Inverleigh in the next 15 years, 525 lots are proposed to be built on Future Growth Areas 1, 2 and 3 alone. The additional number of houses proposed for Future Growth Areas 4, 5 and 6 is not quantified and could easily run into the hundreds given the land area of these sites.

The Structure Plan states that in 2016, 45% of household in Inverleigh were couples with children and a further 7% were single parent families with children"; over 50% of houses in Inverleigh currently have children. The Structure Plan states that "...the most common household type moving into the township 2006-2016 was couples with children...", furthermore "in 2016, the households with children (couple or single parent) were predominately young families: 57% had young children (under 15 years)...."

Based on the above figures, at least 50% of the 430 new households (215) will have children and 57% of these will be "young" children (123). 123 divided by 15 (to account for the age range), multiplied by 8 (children are at primary school between the ages of 5 and 12) equals 66 students. <u>At an absolute minimum</u> (given these calculations assume only a single child per household, and are only based on the number of houses "required" in Inverleigh vs the number of households the Structure Plan proposes to make available for development), there will be an 66 additional children (30% increase) or an additional three classrooms worth of children wanting to attend Inverleigh Primary School, yet there are no definitive provisions made to accommodate them. Should families move to Inverleigh and have two children, numbers of children wishing to attend the Primary School could increase by up to 60%.

The Structure Plan states that even though the school is relatively constrained in terms of enabling growth, there are no plans to relocate the Primary School. The School and Council have been working with the neighbouring Church regarding land for expansion and additional portables but the Structure Plan does not confirm anything from these discussions.

"Additional land would be available with the relocation of the tennis courts to the Inverleigh Recreation Reserve" yet "The relocation is hampered by the cost of providing new tennis courts and a lack of funding opportunities

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for tennis facilities." Further in the Structure Plan it states that "Continued moderate growth of the town will generate a <u>requirement</u> for a wide range of local infrastructure including....<u>potential</u> relocation of the tennis courts...", yet in the next paragraph under the heading "List of infrastructure upgrades <u>required</u> for the continued growth of the township: ...Relocation of the tennis courts to the recreation reserve". The Structure Plan is contradictory and needs to be amended to clarify the Council's position in relation to the tennis courts and thus the availability (or not) of additional space at the current School location.

The Structure Plan states that "The School Woodlot, located on McCallum Road and Railway Street....provides opportunity for expansion of the school, if required". This option implies that if the school ran out of space at its current location, which it will if the tennis courts are not relocated or the Church does not give up land, the School will "expand" and operate over two campuses; one in the current location, the other on McCallum Road. If the Primary School was to operate over two campuses this would create a multitude of issues to the detriment of the families in Inverleigh.

Assuming campuses would be split by year group, the children would not have the same experience as other children in a Prep to Year 6 primary school; it's likely they'd be the only government schooled children in regional Victoria in this situation. Younger and older children, including siblings, would not be able to support, learn and play with each other. Children would likely need to move between the campuses meaning they would need to cross the Hamilton Highway and a train line with no barriers. The administration and staffing costs of running two campuses would be higher.

Alternatively "expand" the school could mean relocate completely to the new site; this would come with equally significant concerns, namely the cost of building a new school and the loss of history if the current school building was no longer our school.

A further pressure compounding the schools' limited space is that should the Kindergarten run out of space, the long-term option is to co-locate with the Primary School.

The community survey from March 2017 identified that at least 72% of Inverleigh residents work in Geelong or Melbourne. Inverleigh currently offers 4 year old kinder, 9am – 2pm, three days a week; Teesdale offer this program as well as a condensed version over 2 days, 8:30am – 4:00pm. The shorter day program is not a practical option for many families if having to travel to and from Geelong or Melbourne for work. I am confident the demand for 4 year old Kinder services in Inverleigh would increase if there was a longer day option; parents at present do not have this option in Inverleigh, have to find services elsewhere and thus the demand for *current* Inverleigh families for services in Inverleigh are not accurately captured, let alone the demand *future* families will generate. If the right services are offered I am confident that they will be utilised, and with the amount of development proposed it's not a question of if the Kinder will run out of space, but when, and "when" will now be sooner than first thought...

In addition to the demand current and future families will place on the Kinder for four-year old services, is the recent announcement by the Victorian Government that it will be investing \$5 million over ten years to introduce kindergarten for three-year old children (Attachment 2). The three-year old funded kindergarten will become available in stages and in 2022 families in the Golden Plains Shire will have access to up to 5 hours, increasing to 15 hours per week by 2029.

If the Kinder did not co-locate with the school and used the Public Hall instead, as has been proposed as an option in the Structure Plan, this would also raise major concerns. The Hall would need significant financial investment to build anything resembling a Kindergarten to make it a safe, comfortable and engaging place of learning for our youngest residents.

The concerns identified in relation to the educational facilities can be resolved, and their detrimental impact to Inverleigh avoided, yet the Structure Plan fails to do so.

One option is to reduce the volume of development proposed, to lessen the growth and burden on Inverleigh's resources. The Structure Plan states "...State Planning Policy requires Council to ensure a sufficient supply of urban land is available.....to accommodate projected population growth over at least a 15 year period...." The

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Structure Plan fails to explain, as per Clause 11.02-1S of the Victorian Planning Scheme, that the "residential land supply will be considered on a municipal basis, rather than a town-by-town basis". As the requirement for residential land is across the whole of the Golden Plains Shire there is no *requirement* for Inverleigh specifically to have 430 lots available, much less: the 525 proposed through Potential Growth Areas 1, 2 and 3; the unquantified but potential for hundreds of lots through Potential Growth Areas 4, 5 and 6; and the potential for many more lots should current land owners subdivide given the Structure Plan proposes to decrease the minimum lot size to 0.4ha.

The volume of development could be reduced by mandating a variety in the lot sizes; 0.4ha – 4ha. The Structure Plan does include the following strategy "Plan for new residential developments to provide a diverse range of lot sizes which reflects the country lifestyle character of Inverleigh and responds to site conditions", which is excellent, however nothing in the Plan reflects that there will actually be any variety in lot size and I have no confidence the Council will enforce this given one of the reasons for the review of the Structure Plan 2005 is the "...increasing pressure from developers for rezoning....".

If the volume of development is not reduced significantly by having a variety of lot sizes mandated in greenfield sites, the Structure Plan must be amended to detail an absolute commitment to:

1a) fund the relocation of the tennis courts and building of new tennis facilities or,

1b) fund the building of a new Primary School, Prep to Grade 6, at McCallum Road site; and

2a) fund the physical expansion of the Kindergarten at the current site to offer desired (long sessions over two days as well as short day sessions over three days) and required (three year old and four-year old kinder) services or,

2b) fund the building of a new Kindergarten at the Public Hall grounds or co-located with the Primary School.

Furthermore, the Structure Plan must be amended to detail where the funding is coming from; Developer or Council.

The current Developer Responsibility "Contributing community and development infrastructure, either by a Section 173 agreement at rezoning, or through a Development Contribution Plan" is the <u>only</u> Developer Responsibility that *might* require a developer to contribute *some* funds towards Inverleigh's educational facilities. However, under Section 5.11 Developer Responsibilities, there is a "list of infrastructure upgrades required for the continued growth of the township"; all these infrastructure upgrades are then specifically listed as a developer responsibility applicable to a specific Potential Growth Area, except one, "relocation of tennis courts to recreation reserve" (Table 1).

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Table 1

"List of infrastructure upgrades required for the continued growth of the township:"	Specifically listed as a Developer Responsibility under Potential Growth Area	
Intersection upgrades and street lighting upgrades at: Hopes Plains Road/Hamilton Highway, Common Road/Hamilton Highway	1 (Hopes Plain), 3 (Common Road)	
Upgrade or replacement of twin bridges to a 15 tonne capacity bridge	3	
Access Management Plan for the Future Investigation Area to the satisfaction of VicRoads	5	
Pedestrian link along the Hamilton Highway linking Hopes Plains Road to the town centre	1	
Bridle paths	4, 5, 6	
Green links and pedestrian links	1&2, 3, 6 (Green links), 1&2, 3, 4, 5, 6 (pedestrian)	
Bio-link from Flora Reserve to Leigh River	3	
Relocation of tennis courts to recreation reserve	None Listed	
Gateway treatments	5	
Bush approaches to entrances	1&2, 4, 6	
Bushfire management as per the Strategic Bushfire Risk Assessment for Inverleigh	1&2, 3, 4, 5, 6	

If no developer is being held accountable to provide funding, the cost will fall back to Council, yet Council have already stated cost has been an issue in relocating and providing new tennis courts (let alone the building of a new Primary School or Kinder). Failure to address this issue ultimately means the children of Inverleigh suffer.

Strategy 5.1 of Amendment C87GPLA is "Support development that includes the provision of infrastructure and services", as outlined, I feel strongly that the Structure Plan does not adequately include the provision of infrastructure and services in relation to the educational facilities in Inverleigh.

APPENDIX

Attachment 1

"Class sizes July 2019" is included as an attachment and can also be found via this link: https://www.education.vic.gov.au/about/department/Pages/factsandfigures.aspx#link31

Attachment 2

The State Government announcement re three-year old Kindergarten is included as an attachment and can also be found via this link: <u>https://www.education.vic.gov.au/about/programs/Pages/three-year-old-kinder.aspx#link35</u>

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15th October 2019

INVERLEIGH STRUCTURE PLAN SUBMISSION

The following submission focusses on the introduction of Low Density Residential Zones and minimum lot sizes:

- We are fully supportive of the removal of the minimum 1 and 2 ha minimum lot sizes in the Low Density Residential Zone (LDRZ) to be consistent with the LDRZ provisions across the shire (minimum lot size of 4000m2).
- The proposed LDRZ is effective in squaring-up the town boundary and provides a good transition to the Farming Zone.
- A lot size of 4000m2 is a large rural-residential lot that enables appropriate setbacks from roads and other dwellings to be established, thereby retaining the township/village and rural character of the town.
- Depending on outcomes of a Land Capability Assessment, lot sizes will be generally in excess of 4500m2, which is the case in other nearby rural towns in the Shire i.e. Bannockburn, Lethbridge, Teesdale. As a developer, it is important to have a diversity of lot sizes to appeal to different buyers.
- Larger lot sizes of 1 -2 hectares may not actually attract developers and stifle development. The lot yield will not be high enough to trigger investment in new and upgraded infrastructure i.e. Sealing Hopes Plains Road. Sites will be under-utilised and it will be an opportunity missed by the Shire.
- The proposed LDRZ areas facilitate connectivity and access/egress for the local community. We are fully supportive of a local policy to minimise court bowls and promote connectivity and commuting from Geelong.
- An Infrastructure Contributions Plan will be effective in facilitating development. Consider also a Development Plan Overlay for 'Potential Growth Areas 1 & 6'.

Regards,

BAKERLAND PROPERTIES: Building vibrant & sustainable communities

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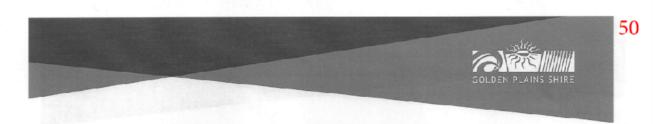
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AMENDMENT C87gpla – INVERLEIGH STRUCTURE PLAN SUBMISSION FORM

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PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR SUBMISSION BELOW:

Amendment c87pla is not supported the on the following grounds: -

Lack of infrastructure in Inverleigh

Roads

There are no public transport services operating from Inverleigh.

The proposed subdivision along Common Road will significantly increase the number of vehicles using Common Road, any child living south of Common Road will be required to cross what will be an extremely busy road in order to walk or ride to school.

Common Road will also become significantly congested at the Common Road and Hamilton Highway intersection. This is already a busy intersection and the increase in residences on Common Road will cause a significant increase in this congestion. The Hamilton Highway is a busy Highway and the location of the Common Road intersection at the top of this hill makes it difficult for motorists to see oncoming traffic. Increasing the vehicles using this intersection will increase the risk of transport accidents.

A slip lane heading going towards Geelong may assist in alleviating this congestion however vehicles turning right towards the township will still cause delay. This problem may also be alleviated if Hopes Plains Road were to be sealed and a slip lane and turning lane added at the intersection of Hopes Plains Road and Hamilton Highway.

Common Road is currently a single lane road between the Flora and Fauna Reserve and Inverleigh-Teesdale Road. This would need to be upgraded to a dual lane road.

The Inverleigh -Teesdale road is currently a single lane road with twin one-way bridges which are prone to flooding. Should the Inverleigh-Teesdale road be upgraded this would reduce the amount of traffic using the Common Road and Hamilton Highway intersection.

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Water

With the development of each new estate the water pressure as significantly decreased to existing residences. Prior to any further development of new estate's, the water system needs to be upgraded to ensure all home have adequate pressure. Water pressure is particularly important given the bushfire risk posed by the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve.

Septic

Inverleigh does not have a sewage system connected. On larger sized lots the wastewater can be appropriately disbursed however on smaller sized lots there is a significant risk of potential leeching of septic running off to the Leigh River. Given the significant size of the land earmarked for potential development into 1-acre blocks there is risk of contamination of our local natural waterways. An investigation on the cumulative output from the septic systems and their likely impact to the waterways in the area should be done as part of the assessment ... and viability before the proposed development is allowed to proceed.

Drainage

To date, drainage to new estates has been inadequate and has caused flooding to existing residences. The drainage system around Common Road and Faulkner Road and new subdivision needs to be upgraded and looked at as a whole and not as individual developments.

BUSH FIRE RISK

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Given the significant bushfire risk posed by the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna reserve if the above improvements are not made to Common Road and Hopes Plains Road all residence will be at risk trying to leave Inverleigh should a fire break out.

The bushfire risk associated with the Reserve needs to be assessed and fixed prior to any further development.

DIVERSITY OF LOT SIZES

Establishing estates made up entirely of 1-acre blocks would not be keeping with the country 'feel' on the township. New developments should be a mix of the smaller sized and the larger sized blocks. This would also 'blend' the new and the established estates.

FAMILY SERVICES

...... An influx of new families to the area will increase demand on maternal health and education services. These are already at capacity, with families often having to travel to Bannockburn *Ple or Geelong to access these services. The proposed Structure Plan does not adequately set out how the Golden Plains Shire will address this issue.

Signature	Date 15 October 2019
	15 October 2019
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AMENDMENT C87gpla – INVERLEIGH STRUCTURE PLAN SUBMISSION FORM

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I have outlined my areas of concern below:

Bush Fire Risk and Strategic Bush Fire Risk Assessment

Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme fails to adequately assess the bush fire risk imposed by Inverleigh Nature Conservation Reserve (The Common). The bush fire risk is underestimated, the proposed bush fire risk mitigation strategy is unsound, and Common Road will serve as only access/egress for residents from Common Road, Mannagum Estate and potential Growth Area 3, as alternatives will be inaccessible due to smoke and ember attack.

Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme should be withdrawn because it builds on outdated information and planning practices. The Strategic Bushfire Risk Assessment underpinning the Amendment and its associated Structure Plan was conducted using an outdated strategy and weather data that are more than a decade old. Moreover, the current version of Planning Practice Notice 64 advises against planning developments in high bush fire risk areas and in areas with one access/egress, eliminating Growth Area 3 as an option for development.

Educational Facilities Impact

The number of children living in Inverleigh, and therefore the number of children wishing to attend Inverleigh Primary School, will increase by a minimum of 30% but easily up to 60% over the duration of the Structure Plan, yet there are no definitive commitments made to accommodate this growth.

Retain Town Boundary

I confirm I support Strategy 1.1 of Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme. I think it is imperative the existing township boundary of Inverleigh is maintained to retain and preserve our small country town lifestyle and our small, but highly valued, community, as well as protect the natural landscape and environment features unique to our town, as we know it.

Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve impact

Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme has the potential for detrimental impacts on the 1050-hectare Reserve known as the Inverleigh Nature Conservation Reserve and locally as The Common. These include the effects on registered critically endangered flora, sustainability of biodiversity and the safety and health of the Common's wildlife, and omission of rezoning the northern section of The Common from farming zone. The submission expands on these issues and provides some mitigations strategies to be considered with any new development.

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Inverleigh has a diverse group of intensive small scale agricultural businesses which, given a situation where there is a lack of diversity in block sizes, are at an increased risk of a decrease in their sustainability and health. Diversity in block sizes is essential to allowing people the country lifestyle choice (something that was repeatedly highlighted in the Golden Plains Shire Inverleigh Structure Plan 2017 survey results). It is imperative that we protect, maintain and allow into the future, Golden Plains Shire's own position of supporting and promoting productive and sustainable, diverse and intensive small scale agricultural and rural enterprises. (See 3.9 Golden Plains Rural Land Use Strategy). A blanket 0.4 hectare block size results in no future businesses of these types which is contrary to both documents mentioned above. Unsewered lots

I think it is imperative, from an environmental and conservation perspective, due to the potential leeching of septic runoff to the Leigh River (and through to the Barwon River) from the natural slope on Common Road toward the Leigh River, with unsewered blocks posing a risk of contamination of our local natural waterways, that an investigation on the cumulative output from the septic systems and their likely impact on the river should be done as part of the assessment and viability for this development to proceed. Data collection from Site CO_LEI017 should be resumed ASAP to ensure data-driven insight in environmental changes and stormwater quality monitoring undertaken.

Sustainable development in Inverleigh

The current condition of the waterways running through and around Inverleigh are already under threat with relevant reports identifying the Leigh and Barwon rivers that large percentages are at poor or very poor condition, this report goes on to list the Key threats to the waterways as "Altered flow rates, eroded banks, damaged riparian vegetation and reduced water quality through sedimentation and effluent contamination". Future development will further impact these "High Value and Priority Waterways". If this alarms you, please read my overview on sustainable growth in Inverleigh and relevant facts that support my view.

Diversity of lot size

I am opposed to elements of Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme, as it does not provide any form of compromise between "Inverleigh as we know it" and "Inverleigh as is proposed" in the Structure Plan, in relation to lot sizes. I believe the Structure Plan contradicts itself and is misleading when suggesting there will be lot sizes larger than 0.4ha in the proposed LDRZ areas.

Loss of faith in Golden Plains Shire and Amendment C87 best interests

The Golden Plains Shire has not performed to a standard that instils any faith in its capacity or will to represent the Inverleigh community into the future which undermines the premise of Amendment C87 and the protections for the community. Supporting information includes 1) the quality of the Inverleigh Structure Plan, 2) the Golden Plains Shire's track record in Inverleigh of poor planning and stewardship, 3) concerns for the staging of development to meet the stated moderate growth goal of 27 homes per year, 4) Local Government Inspectorate Report March 2019, 5) lack of transparency of agency/developer contributions, 6) failure to rezone as part of Amendment C87, the Inverleigh Flora and Fauna Reserve, 7) the inadequacy of community notification of the alignment of the proposed new clause for Inverleigh Local Planning Policy Framework 8) poor performance in the 2019 State-wide local government survey and 9) protection of Aboriginal cultural sites.

Please attach additional pages as necessary

Signature.

Date 16 Oct 2019

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GOLDEN PLAINS PLANNING SCHEME AMENDMENT C87gpla

As ratepayers we support the above mentioned Planning Scheme Amendment and suggest that a minimum lot size of between 4,000 sqm and 6,000 sqm is appropriate within the LDRZ and would permit the town of Inverleigh to continue to grow at an appropriate rate without the need to extend the existing township boundaries.

A change of minimum lot size in the LDRZ of Inverleigh from 10,000 sqm to 4,000-6,000 sqm is considered appropriate for the following reasons:

- 1. A lot size of 4,000 to 6,000 sqm represents an increase of eight to ten times the size of building blocks currently available in Bannockburn and Geelong
- 2. A smaller lot size presents as easier and more affordable to landscape to a higher standard and maintain to an acceptable standard, thereby beautifying the township
- 3. Purchase price is more affordable for families than lots more than twice the size

The current minimum lot size of 10,000 sqm is not considered appropriate for the following reasons:

- 1. Many existing properties do not utilise or maintain the entirety of the lot, suggesting the lot size is too large to maintain for reasons of either affordability, time constraints or lack of interest
- 2. Purchase price of current minimum size lot in the LDRZ is beyond the affordability of many families who seek to move to a rural township
- Current township boundaries will be reached a lot sooner than with the proposed smaller lot size. The township would then face the decision as to whether to expand the township boundaries or close down any further development
- 4. 4,000 sqm is the minimum lot size currently stipulated in other LDRZ within Golden Plains Shire such as Lethbridge, Teesdale and Bannockburn

Considerations that must be taken into account when considering a change in lot size in the Inverleigh LDRZ include:

- 1. Hamilton Highway/Common Road intersection. This is becoming a very busy intersection with large volumes of traffic attempting to exit Common Road onto the highway in the mornings as people make their way to work and school. An increase in this traffic needs to be addressed.
- 2. A reduction in speed limit along full length of Common Road, in particular in the vicinity of the Flora & Fauna Reserve to reduce traffic hazard to native wildlife.
- 3. Address the current fuel load in the Flora & Fauna Reserve at the western end of Common Road which represents a bushfire risk.
- 4. Increase in number of primary students wanting to attend Inverleigh Primary School needs to be addressed
- 5. Long standing lack of public transport between Inverleigh and Geelong should be addressed regardless of any change to lot size. Bus or train service would be appropriate.
- Provision of safe and effective egress for residents north of Common Road in the event of a major bushfire incident within the Flora & Fauna Reserve.

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- Continue program of improving/expanding public recreation space around the river environs including accessability, provision of facilities, banning of motor vehicles and provision of parking facilities to encourage increased usage by locals and to encourage tourism to the area.
- 8. Future development for the purpose of housing to include legal protections for native vegetation.
- Health of the river system to be considered when considering waste water/effluent removal from properties, particularly those within catchment of the river system. Consider use of Community Waste Water Management System for new developments. <u>https://www.dcgrant.sa.gov.au/webdata/resources/ppFiles/CWMS%20Policy%20-</u> %20amended%207%20Sep%202015-1.pdf
- 10. With increasing township resident use of the Hamilton Highway, along with the existing heavy vehicle traffic, appropriate Victorian Government authority responsible should be entreated to consider upgrade of this road which is in constant poor and dangerous condition. As the Gateway to the Western District, the Hamilton Highway should be of a much higher, safer standard.
- 11. GPSC should encourage and facilitate commercial development of Main Street Inverleigh to help make the town a visitor destination the residents can be proud of.



AMENDMENT C87gpla – INVERLEIGH STRUCTURE PLAN SUBMISSION FORM

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*Please attach additional pages as necessary

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Inverleigh Planning Scheme AmendmentC87 Submission

Golden Plains Shire Council has disappointed me, a rate payer and constituent, by not listening. GPS has continuously spent money from the "coffers" to publicly seek Inverleigh resident's opinion on what they wish for their community. When it came time to put forward a plan for our community, (be it a Streetscape, drainage in the streets, or something as important as the future planning for the township of Inverleigh) GPS Council ignores the community members wishes and does what GPS wants without any consideration to the Community of Inverleigh.

Proof of this is the complete disregard of surveyed suggestions of the Inverleigh Community in comparison to what GPS proposes in the Inverleigh Structure Plan. GPS has completely ignored Community opinions. (opinions stated in GPS servey result stated when 2019 Amendment Inverleigh Structure Plan as first released on GPS web page 2019.

There are many important reports that have been ignored by GPS in developing the 2019 Structure Plan, these reports including those regarding safety of Inverleigh community which GPS is responsible for when making plans for our community's future.

I am concerned that GPS has, even though the Inverleigh Community was surveyed, no consideration for the Inverleigh community. This is evident when one looks at the major features that are blatantly missing from the Planning Scheme maps and the things that have flippantly been added to the maps.

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Added to the maps is a walking track disregarding private property, Environmental Significant Overlay, Designated Bush Fire Prone Area, Cultural Sensitive Overlays. Aboriginal Heritage Overlay and Flood Prone Overlays.

Also added to the maps is a Streetscape plan that is already rejected.

Added is a Supermarket site

Things that have been omitted from the 2019 Inverleigh Structure Plan are the overlays such as *Environmental Significance Overlay *Designated Bushfire Prone Overlay *The Bushfire Management Overlay * Cultural Sensitive Overlay and Aboriginal Heritage Overlay.

All these were valid in a document published on GPS web page in a report dated 13/02/2018. Has GPS lost these Overlays ?

Also missing is a bridge much loved by our community It is a large bridge and has been in this town for more than 20 years!

Did no-one from GPS actually visit this small community or do some local research before developing this Structure Plan? I have no faith in GPS' ability to manage the future of Inverleigh.

I am also concerned about GPS Inability to maintain the current level of infrastructure within Inverleigh. Our township has a Quaint-smallvillage ambience at the moment. Sadly this appeal is diminishing because of a distinct lack of maintenance by GPS. How will GPS maintain this little village with so many extra people ,traffc

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and visitors coming and going to and from Inverleigh in the next 10 years?

I am not against development of Inverleigh. I am against development that is unsustainable. GPS cannot sustain what is here currently why would anyone have faith in future sustainability of Inverleigh by GPS?

I am in support of growth in Inverleigh with varying block sizes in developments with a 1.9 acre minimum allotment size.1am opposed to elements of Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme, as it does not provide any form of compromise between "Inverleigh as we know it" and "Inverleigh as is proposed" in the Structure Plan, in relation to lot sizes.

I would like to see this to enable future cottage industry such as "Paddock to Plate", "Organic "Fruit and Vegetable" business and various other cottage industry that could thrive in Inverleigh.

I would also like to have the current Township Boundary maintained to prevent our village eating up wonderful farming properties in the future. I I would like to confirm that I support Strategy 1.1 of Amendment C87 to the Golden Plains Planning Scheme. I think it is imperative the existing township boundary of Inverleigh is maintained to retain and preserve our small country village lifestyle and our small, but highly valued, community, as well as protect the natural landscape and environment features unique to our town.

And a major concern and objection to **Inverleigh Planning** Scheme (Amendment C87) is the haphazard, uninformed,

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unprofessional, way Golden Plains Shire Council prepared this document. I believe this document should be recreated to reflect what the community of Inverleigh has asked for. I have no faith in "Inverleigh Planning Scheme Amendment C87" document because it is not specific to the township of Inverleigh, it lacks the planning for future infrastructure maintenance, the plan for the care of Inverleigh's environment, ie The Common, or our local wildlife or our rivers and waterways or traffic and roads, "as we are now" or into the future "as we will be".

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PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR SUBMISSION BELOW:

As a p	reperty owner with	in the boundarie	sidentified in
THE CAL	Tenament Corapia -1	nverleigh Struci	we Plan for
"Propo	sect low density resu	dential zone	0
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G) 5220 7111	PO Box 111, Bannockburn VIC 3331	goldenplains.vic.gov.au	(@) enquiries@gplains.vic.gov.au

GOLDEN PLAINS SHIRE

*Please attach additional pages as necessary

Signature.....

... Date 15/10/2014

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S220 7111

PO Box 111, Bannockburn VIC 3331

goldenplains.vic.gov.au

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@ enquiries@gplains.vic.gov.au

GOLDEN PLAINS SHIRE	55
AMENDMENT C87gpla – INVERLEIGH STRUCTURE PLAN	
PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR DETAILS BELOW	
Name: Address: Contact telephone number:	
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AMENDMENT C87gpla – INVERLEIGH STRUCTURE PLAN SUBMISSION FORM

PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR DETAILS BELOW

Name:
Address:
Contact telephone number:

PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR SUBMISSION BELOW:

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	I would like to oppose remaring the minimum lot sizes of	
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	on this highway with	_

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	GOLDEN PLAINS SHIRE
here between Inverleigh and	Geelong.
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have beighboring rural tar	i and taken
smaller lot sizes will obviously mean gre	ater popularian
Sware	

*Please attach additional pages as necessary

Signature..... Date

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