

SLEEP AND REST – FDC

QUALITY AREA 2 | VERSION 1.1

Adopted by Approved Provider of Golden Plains Shire Council Children's Services	Month / Year
Date revised	March 2024
Next revision due	March 2026



PURPOSE

This policy will provide clear guidelines to ensure the safety, health and wellbeing of children attending a Golden Plains Shire Family Day Care service and appropriate opportunities are provide to meet each child's need for sleep, rest and relaxation.



POLICY STATEMENT

VALUES

Golden Plains Shire Family Day Care is committed to:

- complying with all legislative requirements, standards and current best practice and guidelines, including recommendations by Red Nose Australia (*refer to Sources*)
- its duty of care (*refer to Definitions*) to all children at a Golden Plains Shire Family Day Care service and ensuring that adequate supervision (*refer to Definitions*) is maintained while children are sleeping, resting or relaxing
- consulting with parents/guardians about their child's individual relaxation and sleep requirements/practices, and ensuring practices at the service are responsive to the values and cultural beliefs of each family
- providing a positive and nurturing environment for all children attending the service
- allowing children to be actively involved in decision making, to provide an environment that encourages them to reach their potential
- providing a safe environment where children feel comfortable and safe to play, talk, or relax
- children's safety and wellbeing will be fostered through responsive relationships, engaging experiences and a safe and healthy environment.

SCOPE

This policy applies to the approved provider, persons with management or control, nominated supervisor, persons in day-to-day charge, early childhood teachers, educators, staff, students, volunteers, parents/guardians, children, and others attending the programs and activities of Golden Plains Shire Family Day Care.

RESPONSIBILITIES	Approved provider and persons with management or control	Nominated supervisor and persons in day-to-day charge	Early childhood teacher, educators, Family Day Care educators and all other staff	Parents/guardians	Contractors, volunteers and students
R indicates legislation requirement, and s	should not	be delete	d		
Ensuring that policies and procedures are in place for managing sleep and rest for children (<i>Regulation 168</i>) and take reasonable steps to ensure those policies and procedures are followed (<i>Regulation 170</i>)	R				
Taking reasonable steps to ensure the sleep and rest needs of children at a Golden Plains Shire Family Day Care service are met, with regard to the age of children, developmental stages and individual needs (<i>Regulation 84A</i>)	R	R	V		\checkmark
Conducting a sleep and rest risk assessment at least once every 12 months, and as soon as practicable after becoming aware of any circumstance that may affect the safety, health or wellbeing of children during sleep and rest (<i>Regulation 84C (a)(b)</i>)	R	R	\checkmark		
 Ensuring the risk assessment considers the following: the number, ages, and developmental stages of the children the sleep and rest needs of children (including health care needs, cultural preferences, individual needs and requests from families about a child's sleep and rest) the suitability of staffing arrangements to adequately supervise and monitor children during sleep and rest periods the level of knowledge and training of staff supervising children during sleep and rest periods the location of sleep and rest areas, including the arrangement of cots and beds within the sleep and rest areas the safety and suitability of any cots, beds and bedding equipment, having regard to the ages and developmental stages of the children who will use the cots, bed and bedding equipment any potential hazards in sleep and rest areas on a child during sleep and rest periods the physical safety and suitability of sleep and rest environments (including temperature, lighting and ventilation) (<i>Regulations 84C</i>) (<i>refer to Sources</i>) 	R	V	\checkmark		V
Ensuring all risk assessments conducted are recorded and stored (<i>Regulation 84C (4)</i>)	R	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark

Undertaking a risk assessment to mitigate hazardous manual handling (<i>refer to Definitions</i>), such as patting and rocking children to sleep for long periods of time	R	\checkmark	\checkmark		۸
Ensuring all educators, staff and volunteers comply with the recommendations of Red Nose Australia in relation to safe sleeping practices for children <i>(refer to Sources)</i>	R	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring educators receive information and induction training to fulfil their roles effectively, including being made aware of the sleep and rest policies, their responsibilities in implementing these, and any changes that are made over time	R	\checkmark			
Ensuring the premise, furniture and equipment are safe, clean and in good repair (<i>Regulation 103 and National Law: Section 167</i>) including ensuring all equipment used meets any relevant Australian Standards and other product safety standards, such as Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) guidelines (<i>Refer to</i> <i>Sources</i>).		R	V	V	٦
Ensuring the cots, beds, bedding and bedding equipment being used for sleep and rest are safe and appropriate for the ages and developmental stages of children who will use them	R	R	V		\checkmark
Ensuring that rooms used for sleep and relaxation are well ventilated; have adequate natural light; and are maintained at a temperature that ensures the safety and wellbeing of children <i>(Regulation 110)</i>		V	V		\checkmark
Ensuring sleep and rest environments are free from cigarette, e- cigarette, or tobacco smoke (<i>Regulation 82</i>)	R	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring that the premises are designed to facilitate supervision	R	R			
Ensuring adequate supervision of children sleeping and resting, being within sight and hearing distance and are monitoring through visually checks of:					
 sleeping position skin and lip colour breathing body temperature head position airway head and face, ensuring they remain uncovered 	R	R	V		\checkmark
Ensuring supervision and monitoring procedures are documented, including method and frequency of checking the safety, health and wellbeing of children during sleep and rest periods, as per the risk assessment	R	R	\checkmark		V
 Developing relaxation and sleep practices that are responsive to: the individual needs of children at the service parenting beliefs, values, practices and requirements the length of time each child spends at the service circumstance or events occurring at a child's home consistency of practice between home and the service a child's general health and wellbeing the physical environment, including lighting, airflow and noise levels 	R	V	V		V

Ensuring cots (including evacuation cots) provided at the service comply with the most current Australian/New Zealand Standards (refer to Sources and Attachment 1)	R	V			
Ensuring that bassinets, hammocks, prams and strollers are not used to settle children to sleep	R	R	\checkmark		\checkmark
Conducting regular safety checks of equipment used for sleeping/resting, such as cots and mattresses (<i>Regulation 103 and National Law: Section 167</i>)	R	R	V		\checkmark
Ensuring that bassinets are not on the education and care service premises at any time (<i>Regulation 84D</i>)	R	R	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring that if a child is brought to the service in a pram or bassinet, the child is transferred into the service's own sleep equipment	R	R	V		V
Removing any hazards identified in the child's resting or sleeping environment and informing the approved provider, as soon as is practicable	R	R	\checkmark		V
Ensuring that any hanging cords, mobiles, curtains and blinds are inaccessible to children who are resting or sleeping	R	R	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring that artificial heating, such as heat bags and hot-water bottles, are not used to provide warmth		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring children's clothing is appropriate during sleep times and does not have any items that are loose, could get tangled and restrict breathing (including but not limited to bibs and jewellery)		V	V	V	\checkmark
Ensuring that each child has their own bed linen, and that the <i>Hygiene Policy</i> and procedures are implemented for the cleaning and storage of cots, mattresses and linen		V	V		\checkmark
Ensuring that there is adequate space to store bedding in a hygienic manner (refer to Hygiene Policy)	R	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring compliance with WorkSafe Victoria's Children's services – occupational health and safety compliance kit (<i>refer to Sources</i>), including in relation to staff lifting children into and out of cots	R	V	V		\checkmark
Regularly reviewing practices to ensure compliance with the recommendations of Red Nose Australia in relation to safe sleeping practices for children (<i>refer to Sources</i>)	R	V	V	V	\checkmark
Providing information and training to ensure staff are kept informed of changing practices in relation to safe sleep practices for children		\checkmark			
Providing information to families about the service's relaxation and sleep practices	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring parents/guardians are consulted about appropriate relaxation and sleep practices for their child	\checkmark	V	V	V	\checkmark
Educating families about evidence-based safe sleeping practices	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

Assessing whether there are exceptional circumstances for alternative practices where family beliefs conflict with current recommended evidence-based guidelines for safe sleeping practices, seek written support from a medical practitioner and develop a risk management plan	R	V	V	V	V
Implementing the documented sleep regime and risk management strategies where in exceptional circumstances family beliefs conflict with current recommended evidence-based guidelines for safe sleeping practices	R	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Providing a written medical report if their baby/child is not to be placed on their back during sleep. Parents/guardians must communicate alternative resting practices to staff.				\checkmark	
Ensuring the educational program provides opportunities for each child to sleep, rest or engage in appropriate quiet play activities, as required	R	V	\checkmark		\checkmark
Ensuring that resting and sleeping practices are not used as a behaviour guidance strategy (refer to Interactions with Children Policy)		V			\checkmark
Providing a range of opportunities for relaxation throughout the day		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Supervising children displaying symptoms of illness closely, especially when resting or sleeping		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Documenting and communicating children's rest and sleep times to families at the end of a child's session of care.		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Developing communication strategies to inform parents/guardians about their child's rest and sleep patterns, including times and length of sleep		V	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Encouraging children's independence and assisting children with dressing as needed.		V	V		V



BACKGROUND AND LEGISLATION

BACKGROUND

The Education and Care Services National Regulations requires approved providers to ensure their services have policies and procedures in place for children's sleep and rest.

The Early Years Learning Framework (EYLF) and the Victorian Early Years Learning and Development

Framework (VEYLDF) include a focus on social, emotional, spiritual and physical wellbeing and health. Development Outcome 3 in both framework documents refers to a child's ability to take increasing responsibility for their own wellbeing. One of the indicators for this capacity is that children "recognise and communicate their bodily needs (for example thirst, hunger, rest, comfort, physical activity)". The EYLF suggests that to promote this, educators should:

- consider the pace of the day within the context of the community
- provide a range of active and restful experiences throughout the day, and support children to make appropriate decisions regarding participation.

Holistic approaches recognise the importance of physical, mental and spiritual wellbeing. Educators who provide a range of active and restful experiences throughout the day support children's individual requirements for health, nutrition, sleep, rest and relaxation.

Employers have a responsibility under the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* to provide a safe and healthy working environment. This duty extends to others present in the workplace, including children and volunteers. Providing a safe sleeping environment for children at the service includes complying with current Australian/New Zealand standards in relation to equipment, such as cots and mattresses *(refer to Sources)*.

LEGISLATION AND STANDARDS

Relevant legislation and standards include but are not limited to:

- Australian Consumer Law and Fair-Trading Act 2012
- Australian Consumer Law and Fair-Trading Regulations 2012
- Australian/New Zealand Standard Cots for household use Safety Requirements (AS/NZS 2172:2010)
- Australian/New Zealand Standard Cots for day nursery, hospital and institutional use Safety Requirements (AS/NZS 2130:1998)
- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010
- Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004

The most current amendments to listed legislation can be found at:

- Victorian Legislation Victorian Law Today: www.legislation.vic.gov.au
- Commonwealth Legislation Federal Register of Legislation: <u>www.legislation.gov.au</u>



DEFINITIONS

The terms defined in this section relate specifically to this policy. For regularly used terms e.g., Approved provider, Nominated supervisor, Notifiable complaints, Serious incidents, Duty of care, etc. refer to the Definitions file of the PolicyWorks catalogue.

Hazardous Manual Handling: Manual handling is work where you have to lift, lower, push, pull, carry, move, hold or restrain something. It's hazardous manual handling if it involves:

- repeated, sustained or high force
- sustained awkward posture
- repetitive movements
- exposure to sustained vibration
- handling people or animals
- loads that are unstable, unbalanced or hard to hold.

Red Nose Australia (formerly SIDS and Kids): Recognised national authority on safe sleeping practices for infants and children (*refer to Sources*)

Relaxation: Relaxation or other activity for bringing about a feeling of calm in your body and mind

Rest: A period of inactivity, solitude, calmness or tranquillity, and can include a child being in a state of sleep.

SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome): The sudden and unexpected death of an infant under one year of age with an onset of a fatal episode occurring during sleep, that remains unexplained after a thorough investigation, including performance of a complete autopsy and review of the circumstances of death and the clinical history.

Sudden and Unexpected Death in Infancy (SUDI): A broad term used to describe the sudden and unexpected death of a baby for which the cause is not immediately obvious.



SOURCES AND RELATED POLICIES

SOURCES

- Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority, Safe sleep and rest practices: www.acecqa.gov.au/resources
- Australian Competition & Consumer Commission (2016), Consumer product safety a guide for businesses & legal practitioners: <u>www.accc.gov.au</u>
- Belonging, Being & Becoming The Early Years Learning Framework for Australia (EYLF): www.acecqa.gov.au
- Current Australian/New Zealand Standards for cots is available on the SAI Global website at: www.saiglobal.com
- Red Nose Australia: <u>www.rednose.org.au</u>
- Victorian Early Years Learning and Development Framework (VEYLDF): <u>www.acecqa.gov.au</u>
- WorkSafe Victoria, Children's services occupational health and safety compliance kit: <u>www.worksafe.vic.gov.au</u>
- Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority, Sleep and rest risk assessment Template -<u>Sleep Rest Risk Assessment Template</u>
- Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority, Risk Assessment and Management Tool www.acecqa.gov.au/media/32166
- Kids Safe Australia <u>www.kidsafe.com.au</u>
- Compliance code: Hazardous manual handling -<u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/resources/compliance-code-hazardous-manual-handling</u>
- Hazardous manual handling risk assessment and control tool <u>www.worksafe.vic.gov.au</u>

RELATED POLICIES

- Administration of First Aid
- Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing
- Emergency and Evacuation
- Enrolment and Orientation
- Hygiene
- Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness
- Interactions with Children
- Occupational Health and Safety
- Staffing
- Supervision of Children



EVALUATION

In order to assess whether the values and purposes of the policy have been achieved, the approved provider will:

- regularly seek feedback from everyone affected by the policy regarding its effectiveness
- monitor the implementation, compliance, complaints and incidents in relation to this policy
- keep the policy up to date with current legislation, research, policy and best practice
- revise the policy and procedures as part of the service's policy review cycle, or as required
- notifying all stakeholders affected by this policy at least 14 days before making any significant changes to this policy or its procedures, unless a lesser period is necessary due to risk (Regulation 172 (2)).



ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment 1: Cots
- Attachment 2: Risk Assessment Template



AUTHORISATION

This policy was adopted by the approved provider of Golden Plains Shire Family Day Care in March 2024

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REVIEW DATE: March 2026

ATTACHMENT 1: COTS

There is currently (at the time of printing) one standards that apply to the use of cots:

• Australian/New Zealand Standard – AS/NZS 2172

Services can check current standards on the SAI Global website at: www.saiglobal.com

Household cots usually have a lower base and mattress, and WorkSafe Victoria have expressed concern for staff in relation to the manual handling risks posed when working with cots at a lower height.

Employers should make sure workplaces use cots which minimise the distance employees need to bend and reach.

- Cots should be of a height that will enable employees to lift and lower children into and out of the cots with minimal forward bending of the employee's back.
- If cots have two base positions, set the base to the higher position for infants unable to stand. The higher base position will reduce the need for employees to reach into cots.
- Cots should have sides that drop to reduce the need for employees to bend and reach over the cot side to lift and lower children. At its dropped level, the top of the cot's lowered side should be at least 250mm above the top of the mattress to ensure children cannot roll out of the cot.
- Ensure there is enough clearance under cots for employees to stand with their feet under the edge of the cot to minimise reaching distance.
- Prepare cots in advance so sides are down before employees lift children in or out.
- If cots have wheels, ensure the wheels have locks and keep wheels in the locked position when the cot is not being moved.
- Regularly check and maintain cot wheels, wheel locks and drop-down sides to ensure cots are safe and secure.
- Assess floor surfaces to ensure minimal friction and resistance when wheeling cots. Change floor surfaces so
 employees can easily move cots.
- Ensure cots meet all relevant structural safety requirements.

No alterations should be made to purchased cots under any circumstances, as this may have serious consequences in relation to liability if an incident occurs.

ELAA does not recommend that services use portable or folding cots, as they present an increased risk of injury or death to a child if erected incorrectly. Portable cots also pose an increased risk of manual handling injuries to staff. If a service requires an extra cot to be available for occasional use, it is possible to purchase a cot that meets the Australian/New Zealand Standard – Cots for household use, and folds flat for easy storage.

Further information on portable or folding cots is available as outlined below:

- Red Nose: <u>https://rednose.org.au/article/portable-cots</u>
- Australian Competition and Consumer Commission: <u>www.productsafety.gov.au</u>

Note: Bassinets must not be on the education and care service premises (including centre-based care and family day care) at any time that children are being educated and cared for by the service.

RISK ASSESSMENT TEMPLATE

Risk assessment					
Activity	Hazard identified	Risk assessment (use matrix)	Elimination/control measures	Who?	When?
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
		Make selection			
Plan and review					
Plan prepared by	Full name	Date			
	Signature				
	-				
	Role/position				
Prepared in consultation with	Full name				
	Signature				
	Role/position				
Communicated to all relevant staff	Yes No	Comment (if need	led)		

Plan and review
Risks identified from this risk assessment have been addressed within policy and procedure (regulation 84C) as well as other matters required under regulation 84C, including:
 the number, ages and development stages of children being educated and cared for, including at each education and care service and FDC residence or approved FDC venue of the service
 the sleep and rest needs of children at the service (including specific health care needs, cultural preferences, sleep and rest needs of individual children and requests from families about a child's sleep and rest) including at each education and care service and FDC residence or approved FDC venue of the service
 the suitability of staffing arrangements required to adequately supervise and monitor children during sleep and rest periods
 the level of knowledge and training of the staff supervising children during sleep and rest periods
 the location of the sleep and rest areas, including the arrangement of cots and beds within the sleep and rest areas, including at each education and care service and FDC residence or approved FDC venue of the service
 the safety and suitability of any cots, beds and bedding equipment and having regard to the ages and developmental stages of the children who will use them
 any potential hazards in sleep and rest areas or on a child during sleep and rest periods
 the physical safety and suitability of sleep and rest environments, including temperature, lighting and ventilation at each education and care service and FDC residence or approved FDC venue of the service
 for FDC services, that provide overnight care to a child, any risks that the overnight care provided at the family day care residence or approved venue may pose to the safety, health or wellbeing of the child.
Next sleep and rest risk assessment to be conducted before
*AND as soon as practicable after becoming aware of any circumstance that may affect the safety, health and wellbeing of children during sleep and rest